PACIFIC WOODTECH™ I-JOISTS RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION U.S. (ASD) TECHNICAL GUIDE

PWI 18S, PWI 20S, PWI 32S, PWI 42S LPI 18, LPI 20Plus, LPI 32Plus, LPI 42Plus



HISTORY BUILT. FUTURE BOUNE

J.S. Technical Guide

Introduction

Pacific Woodtech[™] I-Joists are straighter and more uniform in strength, stiffness and size than traditional lumber, providing a strong, sturdy floor. We offer longer lengths so that ceilings and floors can be designed with fewer pieces, saving time on installation. Other advantages over lumber include lower moisture content, which makes our I-Joists less likely to split, shrink, twist, warp or bow. This means reduced callbacks due to fewer pops and squeaks.

STRENGTH IN NUMBERS

The full range of Pacific Woodtech products are designed and manufactured to install easily and work together to provide a strong, sound structure.

For I-Joists, we combine laminated veneer lumber (LVL) or finger-jointed sawn lumber flanges with a web of oriented strand board (OSB) to produce an I-shaped structural member. The webs allow plumbing and wiring to pass through without extra framing, while the flanges resist bending — ideal for long spans in floors, ceilings and roofs.

PACIFIC WOODTECH I-JOISTS ARE A BUILDING MATERIAL WITH BUILT-IN ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS

- Made of wood, a renewable resource
- Raw material procurement targets small, fast growing trees
- Pacific Woodtech uses logs from certified forest management and fiber sourcing systems to help ensure that our entire wood supply comes from well managed forests and non-controversial sources
- Only low-emitting, safe resins are used as a binder
- Available in longer lengths, reducing the number of pieces needed; this results in more efficient utilization of resources
- Can help you qualify for certification points in a number of leading green building programs



PEACE-OF-MIND FOR A LIFETIME

If your Pacific Woodtech I-Joists ever develop performance problems due a manufacturing deflect, PWT will cover all reasonable repair and/or replacement costs per the conditions of our Lifetime Limited Warranty. Visit pacificwoodtech.com to view our complete warranty, or contact your local Pacific Woodtech distributor or sales office for an original copy.

COMPLIANT WITH MAJOR BUILDING CODES

Pacific Woodtech I-Joists have been evaluated for compliance with major US building codes. Refer to APA product report PR-L238 or ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-1305 for complete product information for Pacific Woodtech I-Joist. Contact your local Pacific Woodtech distributor or visit pacificwoodtech.com for the most current code reports.

LIFETIME LIMITED WARRANTY

Pacific Woodtech products are backed by a lifetime limited warranty. Visit pacificwoodtech.com or call (800) 515-7570 for a copy of the warranty.

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Product Specifications & Design Values

DESIGN	VALUES					
Series	Depth	Weight (plf)	Moment (Ib-ft)	EI (x 10 ⁶) (Ib-in ²)	K (x 10 ⁶) (lb-ft/in)	Shear (Ibs)
PWI 18S,	9-1/2"	2.6	2365	142	0.355	1130
LPI 18	11-7/8"	2.9	3100	248	0.435	1335
	9-1/2"	2.6	2810	185	0.358	1260
PWI 20S, LPI 20Plus	11-7/8"	2.9	3755	318	0.438	1485
	14"	3.1	4400	474	0.512	1680
	16"	3.3	5050	652	0.582	1870
	9-1/2"	2.6	3620	243	0.213	1260
PWI 32S,	11-7/8"	2.9	4690	406	0.267	1485
LPI 32Plus	14"	3.1	5645	589	0.313	1680
	16"	3.3	6545	791	0.358	1870
DWI 400	11-7/8"	3.5	6965	547	0.515	1625
PWI 42S,	14"	3.8	8390	802	0.607	1875
LI I HZFIUS	16"	4	9725	1092	0.693	2115

NOTES:

- Pacific Woodtech™ I-Joists shall be designed for dry-use conditions only. 1. Dry-use applies to products installed in dry, covered and well ventilated interior conditions in which the equivalent moisture content in lumber will not exceed 16%.
- 2. Moment and Shear are for normal load duration and shall be adjusted according to code.
- 3. Moment shall not be increased for repetitive member use.
- Deflection calculations shall include both bending and shear deformations. 4. Deflection for a simple span, uniform load:

$$\Delta = \frac{22.5 \text{wL}^4}{\text{EI}} + \frac{\text{wL}^2}{\text{K}}$$

Where: Δ = deflection (in) El = bending stiffness (from table) shear stiffness (from table)

L = design span (ft)

Equations for other conditions can be found in engineering references.

REACTION AND BEARING CAPACITY

		End Reaction Capacity ¹ (lbs)					Interior Reaction	n Capacity¹ (lbs)		Floore Dessing
Series	Depth	Minimum Be	aring (1-1/2")	Maximum B	Bearing (4")	Minimum Bea	aring (3-1/2")	Maximum Bearing (5-1/2")		Capacity ²
		W/out Stiffeners	With Stiffeners	W/out Stiffeners	With Stiffeners	W/out Stiffeners	With Stiffeners	W/out Stiffeners	With Stiffeners	(lb/in)
PWI 18S,	9-1/2"	870	1025	995	1130	1975	2135	2205	2370	055
LPI 18	11-7/8"	870	1145	1040	1335	2095	2270	2335	2545	900
	9-1/2"	970	1140	1110	1260	2195	2375	2450	2635	
PWI 20S,	11-7/8"	970	1275	1160	1485	2330	2525	2595	2830	055
LPI 20Plus	14"	970	1395	1200	1680	2455	2665	2725	3005	900
	16"	970	1510	1240	1870	2570	2795	2850	3175	
	9-1/2"	970	1140	1110	1260	2195	2375	2450	2635	
PWI 32S,	11-7/8"	970	1275	1160	1485	2330	2525	2595	2830	1100
LPI 32Plus	14"	970	1395	1200	1680	2455	2665	2725	3005	1180
	16"	970	1510	1240	1870	2570	2795	2850	3175	
DUU 400	11-7/8"	1245	1510	1595	1625	3025	3340	3120	3515	
PWI 42S,	14"	1300	1660	1595	1875	3140	3565	3280	3805	1705
LT 1 42F105	16"	1350	1800	1595	2115	3245	3775	3435	4080	

NOTES

- 1. End and Interior Reaction Capacity shall be limited by the Flange Bearing Capacity or the bearing capacity of the support material, whichever is less.
- 2. The Flange Bearing Capacity, per inch of bearing length, is based on the allowable compression perpendicular-to-grain of the I-Joist flange, accounting for eased edges.
- To account for edge easing when determining the bearing capacity of the support material, subtract 0.25" from the flange width for the PWI 18S, LPI 18; PWI 20S, LPI 20Plus; PWI 32S, LPI 32Plus; and PWI 42S, LPI 42Plus. 3.
- Reaction Capacity is for normal load duration and shall be adjusted according to code. Flange Bearing Capacity and the bearing capacity
 of any wood support shall not be adjusted for load duration.
- Reaction Capacity and Flange Bearing Capacity may be increased over that tabulated for the minimum bearing length. Linear 5. interpolation of the Reaction Capacity between the minimum and maximum bearing length is permitted. Bearing lengths longer than the maximum do not further increase Reaction Capacity. Flange Bearing Capacity and that of a wood support will increase with additional bearing length.
- 6. See page 20 for information on web stiffener sizes and nailing.



EXAMPLE:

Determine the stiffened end reaction capacity for a 14" PWI 32S with 2" of bearing for a non-snow roof load and supported on an SPF wall plate (425 psi).

- 1. Determine End Reaction (ER) w/Stiffeners: ER = 1395 + (1680 1395)*(2" 1.5")/(4" 1.5") = 1448 lbs Adjust for load duration: Adjusted ER = 1448 * 1.25 = 1810 lbs
- 3. Determine Flange Bearing Capacity (FBC):
- FBC = 1180 lb/in * 2" = 2360 lbs
- 4. Determine wall Plate Bearing Capacity (PBC): PBC = 425 psi * (2.5" 0.25") * 2" = 1912 lbs
- 5. Final End Reaction Capacity w/Stiffeners = 1810 lbs

Floor Span Tables: 40 psf Live Load and 10 psf Dead Load

TO USE:

- 1. Select the Simple Span or Continuous Span table, as required.
- 2. Find a span that meets or exceeds the required clear span.
- 3. Read the corresponding joist series, depth and spacing.

CAUTION: For floor systems that require both simple span and continuous span joists, it is a good idea to check both before selecting a joist. Some conditions are controlled by continuous span rather than simple span.





SIMPLE SPAN	SIMPLE SPAN 40/10 LOADING										
		Simple Span									
Series	Depth		L/4	80			L/360				
		12" oc	16" oc	19.2" oc	24" oc	12" oc	16" oc	19.2" oc	24" oc		
PWI 18S,	9-1/2"	16'-6"	15'-2"	14'-4"	13'-4"	18'-3"	16'-8"	15'-3"	13'-7"		
LPI 18	11-7/8"	19'-9"	18'-1"	17'-1"	15'-7"	21'-10"	19'-1"	17'-5"	15'-7"		
	9-1/2"	17'-9"	16'-2"	15'-4"	14'-3"	19'-7"	17'-11"	16'-7"	14'-10"		
PWI 20S,	11-7/8"	21'-2"	19'-4"	18'-3"	17'-0"	23'-5"	21'-1"	19'-3"	17'-2"		
LPI 20Plus	14"	24'-1"	22'-0"	20'-9"	18'-7"	26'-4"	22'-10"	20'-10"	18'-7"		
	16"	26'-9"	24'-5"	22'-4"	19'-7"	28'-3"	24'-5"	22'-4"	19'-7"		
	9-1/2"	18'-9"	17'-0"	16'-0"	14'-9"	20'-10"	18'-11"	17'-10"	16'-6"		
PWI 32S,	11-7/8"	22'-3"	20'-2"	19'-0"	17'-7"	24'-9"	22'-6"	21'-2"	19'-2"		
LPI 32Plus	14"	25'-2"	22'-10"	21'-6"	19'-6"	28'-0"	25'-5"	23'-7"	19'-6"		
	16"	27'-10"	25'-3"	23'-9"	19'-7"	30'-11"	27'-10"	24'-7"	19'-7"		
D1111 400	11-7/8"	24'-11"	22'-8"	21'-4"	19'-10"	27'-6"	25'-1"	23'-8"	22'-0"		
PWI 42S,	14"	28'-3"	25'-9"	24'-3"	22'-6"	31'-3"	28'-6"	26'-10"	25'-0"		
E11421103	16"	31'-4"	28'-6"	26'-10"	25'-0"	34'-7"	31'-7"	29'-9"	26'-1"		

CONTINUOUS SPAN 40/10 LOADING

		Continuous Span									
Series	Depth		L/4	180		L/480 with Web Stiffeners					
		12" oc	16" oc	19.2" oc	24" oc	12" oc	16" oc	19.2" oc	24" oc		
PWI 18S,	9-1/2"	17'-11"	16'-5"	15'-2"	13'-6"	-	-	-	-		
LPI 18	11-7/8"	21'-6"	19'-0"	17'-4"	15'-6"	-	-	-	-		
	9-1/2"	19'-3"	17'-7"	16'-6"	14'-9"	-	-	-	-		
PWI 20S,	11-7/8"	23'-0"	21'-0"	19'-2"	17'-1"	-	-	-	-		
LPI 20Plus	14"	26'-3"	22'-9"	20'-9"	18'-6"	-	-	-	-		
	16"	28'-2"	24'-4"	22'-3"	19'-10"	-	-	-	-		
	9-1/2"	20'-4"	18'-5"	17'-3"	15'-11"	-	-	-	-		
PWI 32S,	11-7/8"	24'-2"	21'-10"	20'-6"	18'-5"	-	-	-	18'-11"		
LPI 32Plus	14"	27'-4"	24'-9"	23'-3"	19'-5"	-	-	-	21'-0"		
	16"	30'-3"	27'-5"	25'-4"	20'-4"	-	-	-	22'-1"		
PWI 42S,	11-7/8"	27'-1"	24'-8"	23'-2"	21'-7"	-	-	-	-		
	14"	30'-9"	28'-0"	26'-4"	23'-11"	-	-	-	24'-6"		
LFT 42Plus	16"	34'-1"	31'-0"	29'-2"	24'-9"	-	-	-	27'-1"		

DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS:

- The spans listed are the clear distance between supports. Continuous spans are based on the longest span. The shortest span shall not be less than 50% of the longest span.
- 2. The spans are based on uniform floor loads only as listed at the top of the page. The dead load is increased to 12 psf for the PWI 42S and LPI 42Plus.
- These tables reflect the additional stiffness provided by 48/24 APA RATED SHEATHING or 24 oc APA RATED STURD-I-FLOOR, or equal, glued and nailed to the top flange.
- Live Load deflection is limited to L/480 or L/360 for simple spans as listed, and L/480 only for continuous spans.
- 5. Total Load deflection is limited to L/240.
- 6. The spans are based on an end bearing length of at least 1-3/4" and an interior bearing length of at least 3-1/2", and are limited to the bearing capacity for an SPF wall plate ($F_{C\perp}$ = 425 psi).

- Web stiffeners are not required for the Simple Span tables. Web stiffeners are not required at the end bearings for the Continuous Span tables. Web stiffeners at interior supports are only required where listed in the "With Web Stiffeners" section of each table. A "-" indicates no increase in span with web stiffeners.
- Web fillers are required for I-Joists seated in hangers that do not laterally support the top flange.
- L/360 represents the maximum deflection allowed per code and may not provide suitable floor performance. L/480 or better is recommended for most applications.
- 4. These spans are not evaluated for vibration.
- Though not required for the spans above, bridging, blocking, bottom-flange bracing or a directapplied gypsum ceiling can improve the feel of a floor.
- For conditions not shown, use the Uniform Floor Load (PLF) tables, PWT's design software or contact your Pacific Woodtech™ distributor for assistance.

Floor Span Tables: 40 psf Live Load and 15 psf Dead Load

TO USE:

- 1. Select the Simple Span or Continuous Span table, as required.
- 2. Find a span that meets or exceeds the required clear span.
- 3. Read the corresponding joist series, depth and spacing.

CAUTION: For floor systems that require both simple span and continuous span joists, it is a good idea to check both before selecting a joist. Some conditions are controlled by continuous span rather than simple span.





SIMPLE SPAN 40/15 LOADING

			Simple Span								
Series	Depth		L/4	180		L/360					
		12" oc	16" oc	19.2" oc	24" oc	12" oc	16" oc	19.2" oc	24" oc		
PWI 18S,	9-1/2"	16'-6"	15'-2"	14'-4"	12'-11"	18'-3"	15'-11"	14'-6"	12'-11"		
LPI 18	11-7/8"	19'-9"	18'-1"	16'-7"	14'-10"	21'-1"	18'-3"	16'-7"	14'-10"		
	9-1/2"	17'-9"	16'-2"	15'-4"	14'-2"	19'-7"	17'-4"	15'-10"	14'-2"		
PWI 20S,	11-7/8"	21'-2"	19'-4"	18'-3"	16'-4"	23'-2"	20'-1"	18'-4"	16'-4"		
LPI 20Plus	14"	24'-1"	21'-9"	19'-10"	17'-9"	25'-2"	21'-9"	19'-10"	17'-9"		
	16"	26'-9"	23'-4"	21'-3"	17'-10"	26'-11"	23'-4"	21'-3"	17'-10"		
	9-1/2"	18'-9"	17'-0"	16'-0"	14'-9"	20'-10"	18'-11"	17'-10"	16'-1"		
PWI 32S,	11-7/8"	22'-3"	20'-2"	19'-0"	17'-7"	24'-9"	22'-5"	20'-6"	17'-8"		
LPI 32Plus	14"	25'-2"	22'-10"	21'-6"	17'-9"	28'-0"	24'-8"	22'-3"	17'-9"		
	16"	27'-10"	25'-3"	22'-4"	17'-10"	30'-8"	26'-7"	22'-4"	17'-10"		
D1111 400	11-7/8"	24'-11"	22'-8"	21'-4"	19'-10"	27'-6"	25'-1"	23'-8"	22'-0"		
PWI 42S,	14"	28'-3"	25'-9"	24'-3"	22'-6"	31'-3"	28'-6"	26'-10"	23'-10"		
LFT 42FTUS	16"	31'-4"	28'-6"	26'-10"	24'-8"	34'-7"	31'-7"	29'-7"	24'-8"		

CONTINUOUS SPAN 40/15 LOADING

			Continuous Span									
Series	Depth		L/4	180		L/480 with Web Stiffeners						
		12" oc	16" oc	19.2" oc	24" oc	12" oc	16" oc	19.2" oc	24" oc			
PWI 18S,	9-1/2"	17'-11"	15'-10"	14'-5"	12'-10"	-	-	-	-			
LPI 18	11-7/8"	21'-0"	18'-2"	16'-6"	14'-9"	-	-	-	-			
	9-1/2"	19'-3"	17'-3"	15'-9"	14'-1"	-	-	-	-			
PWI 20S,	11-7/8"	23'-0"	20'-0"	18'-3"	16'-3"	-	-	-	-			
LPI 20Plus	14"	25'-1"	21'-8"	19'-9"	17'-7"	-	-	-	17'-8"			
	16"	26'-10"	23'-3"	21'-2"	18'-5"	-	-	-	18'-11"			
	9-1/2"	20'-4"	18'-5"	17'-3"	15'-9"	-	-	-	15'-11"			
PWI 32S,	11-7/8"	24'-2"	21'-10"	20'-5"	16'-8"	-	-	-	18'-1"			
LPI 32Plus	14"	27'-4"	24'-7"	22'-1"	17'-7"	-	-	22'-5"	19'-2"			
	16"	30'-3"	26'-6"	23'-1"	18'-5"	-	-	24'-2"	20'-1"			
DW4 400	11-7/8"	27'-1"	24'-8"	23'-2"	21'-7"	-	-	-	-			
PWI 42S,	14"	30'-9"	28'-0"	26'-4"	22'-7"	-	-	-	24'-5"			
LFT 42Plus	16"	34'-1"	31'-0"	29'-2"	23'-4"	-	-	-	26'-4"			

DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. The spans listed are the clear distance between supports. Continuous spans are based on the longest span. The shortest span shall not be less than 50% of the longest span.
- The spans are based on uniform floor loads only as listed at the top of the page.
 These tables reflect the additional stiffness provided by 48/24 APA RATED SHEATHING
- These tables reflect the additional stiffness provided by 48/24 APA RATED SHEATHING or 24 oc APA RATED STURD-I-FLOOR, or equal, glued and nailed to the top flange.
 Line Local deficition is limited to 1 (490 or L/260 for a simple capacity as listed and L/490 or L/200 for a simple capacity as listed and L/490 or L/200 for a simple capacity as listed and L/490 or L/200 for a simple capacity as listed and L/490 or L/200 for a simple capacity as listed and L/490 or L/200 for a simple capacity as listed and L/490 or L/200 for a simple capacity as listed and L/490 or L/200 for a simple capacity as listed and L/490 or L/200 for a simple capacity as listed and L/490 or L/200 for a simple capacity as listed as
- Live Load deflection is limited to L/480 or L/360 for simple spans as listed, and L/480 only for continuous spans.
- 5. Total Load deflection is limited to L/240.
- 6. The spans are based on an end bearing length of at least 1-3/4" and an interior bearing length of at least 3-1/2", and are limited to the bearing capacity for an SPF wall plate $(F_{C\perp} = 425 \text{ psi})$.

- Web stiffeners are not required for the Simple Span tables. Web stiffeners are not required at the end bearings for the Continuous Span tables. Web stiffeners at interior supports are only required where listed in the "With Web Stiffeners" section of each table.
 A "-." indicates no increase in span with web stiffeners.
- Web fillers are required for I-Joists seated in hangers that do not laterally support the top flange.
- L/360 represents the maximum deflection allowed per code and may not provide suitable floor performance. L/480 or better is recommended for most applications.
- 4. These spans are not evaluated for vibration.
- Though not required for the spans above, bridging, blocking, bottom-flange bracing or a directapplied gypsum ceiling can improve the feel of a floor.
- For conditions not shown, use the Uniform Floor Load (PLF) tables, PWT's design software or contact your Pacific Woodtech[™] distributor for assistance.

Floor Span Tables: 40 psf Live Load and 25 psf Dead Load

TO USE:

- 1. Select the Simple Span or Continuous Span table, as required.
- 2. Find a span that meets or exceeds the required clear span.
- 3. Read the corresponding joist series, depth and spacing.

CAUTION: For floor systems that require both simple span and continuous span joists, it is a good idea to check both before selecting a joist. Some conditions are controlled by continuous span rather than simple span.





SIMPLE SPAN 40/25 LOADING Simple Span L/480 L/360 Series Depth 12" oc 16" oc 19.2" oc 24" oc 12" oc 16" oc 19.2" oc 24" oc 9-1/2" 16'-6' 14'-7 13'-4' 11'-11 16'-11' 14'-7 13'-4' 11'-11' **PWI 18S.** LPI 18 16'-9" 19'-4" 11-7/8 19'-4' 15'-3" 13'-4" 16'-9" 15'-3" 13'-4" 9-1/2" 17'-9" 15'-11" 14'-6" 13'-0" 18'-5" 15'-11" 14'-6" 13'-0" 11-7/8 21'-2" 18'-5" 16'-10" 14'-11" 21'-4" 18'-5" 16'-10" 14'-11" PWI 20S, LPI 20Plus 14" 23'-1" 20'-0' 18'-3" 14'-11" 23'-1" 20'-0" 18'-3' 14'-11" 18'-10" 15'-0" 15'-0" 16" 24'-9" 21'-5" 24'-9" 21'-5" 18'-10" 9-1/2" 18'-9' 17'-0" 16'-0" 14'-9" 20'-3" 18'-1" 16'-6" 14'-9" 11-7/8' 22'-3" 20'-2" 18'-8" 14'-11" 23'-10" 20'-8" 18'-8" 14'-11" PWI 32S. LPI 32Plus 25'-2' 22'-7" 18'-9" 14'-11" 26'-2" 22'-7' 18'-9' 14'-11" 14' 16" 27'-10" 22'-8" 18'-10" 15'-0" 28'-3" 22'-8" 18'-10' 15'-0" 11-7/8" 24'-11" 22'-8" 21'-4" 19'-4" 26'-9" 24'-5" 23'-0" 19'-4" PWI 42S, 14" 28'-3" 25'-9" 24'-3" 20'-1" 30'-5" 27'-8" 25'-3" 20'-1" LPI 42Plus 16" 31'-4" 26'-1" 20'-10" 29'-10" 26'-1" 20'-10" 28'-6" 33'-8"

CONTINUOUS SPAN 40/25 LOADING

		Continuous Span								
Series	Depth		L/4	180		L/480 with Web Stiffeners				
		12" oc	16" oc	19.2" oc	24" oc	12" oc	16" oc	19.2" oc	24" oc	
PWI 18S,	9-1/2"	16'-10"	14'-6"	13'-3"	11'-10"	-	-	-	-	
LPI 18	11-7/8"	19'-3"	16'-8"	15'-2"	12'-8"	-	-	-	13'-7"	
	9-1/2"	18'-4"	15'-10"	14'-5"	12'-11"	-	-	-	-	
PWI 20S,	11-7/8"	21'-3"	18'-4"	16'-9"	14'-1"	-	-	-	14'-11"	
LPI 20Plus	14"	23'-0"	19'-11"	18'-2"	14'-10"	-	-	-	16'-2"	
	16"	24'-8"	21'-4"	19'-6"	15'-7"	-	-	-	16'-11"	
	9-1/2"	20'-4"	18'-0"	16'-5"	13'-3"	-	-	-	14'-4"	
PWI 32S,	11-7/8"	23'-9"	20'-7"	17'-8"	14'-1"	-	-	18'-9"	15'-3"	
LPI 32Plus	14"	26'-1"	22'-5"	18'-8"	14'-10"	-	22'-7"	20'-3"	16'-2"	
	16"	28'-2"	23'-6"	19'-6"	15'-7"	-	24'-4"	21'-3"	16'-11"	
DW/ 400	11-7/8"	27'-1"	24'-8"	22'-11"	18'-4"	-	-	-	19'-9"	
PWI 42S,	14"	30'-9"	27'-7"	23'-11"	19'-1"	-	-	25'-2"	21'-8"	
LFT 42Flus	16"	34'-1"	29'-8"	24'-9"	19'-9"	-	29'-9"	27'-1"	23'-0"	

DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. The spans listed are the clear distance between supports. Continuous spans are based on the longest span. The shortest span shall not be less than 50% of the longest span.
- The spans are based on uniform floor loads only as listed at the top of the page.
 These tables reflect the additional stiffages arguided by 40/24 ADA DATED SULFATURAL
- These tables reflect the additional stiffness provided by 48/24 APA RATED SHEATHING or 24 oc APA RATED STURD-I-FLOOR, or equal, glued and nailed to the top flange.
- Live Load deflection is limited to L/480 or L/360 for simple spans as listed, and L/480 only for continuous spans.
- 5. Total Load deflection is limited to L/240.
- 6. The spans are based on an end bearing length of at least 1-3/4" and an interior bearing length of at least 3-1/2", and are limited to the bearing capacity for an SPF wall plate ($F_{C\perp}$ = 425 psi).

- Web stiffeners are not required for the Simple Span tables. Web stiffeners are not required at the end bearings for the Continuous Span tables. Web stiffeners at interior supports are only required where listed in the "With Web Stiffeners" section of each table.
 A "-" indicates no increase in span with web stiffeners.
- Web fillers are required for I-Joists seated in hangers that do not laterally support the top flange.
- L/360 represents the maximum deflection allowed per code and may not provide suitable floor performance. L/480 or better is recommended for most applications.
- 4. These spans are not evaluated for vibration.
- Though not required for the spans above, bridging, blocking, bottom-flange bracing or a directapplied gypsum ceiling can improve the feel of a floor.
- For conditions not shown, use the Uniform Floor Load (PLF) tables, PWT's design software or contact your Pacific Woodtech™ distributor for assistance.

Roof Span Tables: Low Pitch (6:12 or less) for 20, 25 and 30 psf Load

TO USE:

- 1. Select the appropriate set of tables based on roof pitch.
- Select the section of that table that corresponds to the design roof live load (snow or non-snow).
- 3. Find a span that meets or exceeds the design span for
- the appropriate roof dead load (15 psf or 20 psf).4. Read the corresponding series, depth and spacing.
- Read the corresponding series, depth and spacing.

DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS:

- The spans listed are the horizontal clear distance between supports and are valid for simple or continuous span applications. Continuous spans are based on the longest span. The shortest span shall not be less than 50% of the longest span.
- The spans are based on uniform gravity loads only as listed for each table, including the effects of a 300 lb concentrated load. These spans have not been evaluated for wind.
- 3. These tables do not reflect any additional stiffness provided by the roof sheathing.
- 4. Live load deflection is limited to L/240.
- 5. Total load deflection is limited to L/180.
- 6. The spans are based on an end bearing length of at least 1-3/4" and an interior bearing length of at least 3-1/2", and are limited to the bearing capacity for an SPF wall plate ($F_{C\perp}$ = 425 psi).

- Web stiffeners are not required for the Roof Span tables except when using a "bird's mouth" detail for the low-end bearing. Web fillers are required for I-Joists seated in hangers that do not laterally support the top flange or for hangers that require nailing into the web.
- L/240 represents the maximum deflection allowed per code for roof joists supporting non-plaster ceilings. Verify deflection limits with local code requirements.
- 3. Roof joists shall have a minimum pitch of 1/4" per foot (1/4:12) for positive drainage.
- Roof applications in high wind areas require special analysis which may reduce spans and may require bracing of the bottom flange and special connectors to resist uplift.
- For conditions not shown, use the Uniform Roof Load (PLF) tables, PWT's design software or contact your Pacific Woodtech™ distributor for assistance.



ACTUAL DEFLECTION BASED ON SPAN AND LIMIT										
Span (ft)	L/360	L/240	L/180							
10'	5/16"	1/2"	11/16"							
12'	3/8"	5/8"	13/16"							
14'	7/16"	11/16"	15/16"							
16'	9/16"	13/16"	1-1/16"							
18'	5/8"	7/8"	1-3/16"							
20'	11/16"	1"	1-5/16"							
22'	3/4"	1-1/8"	1-7/16"							
24'	13/16"	1-3/16"	1-5/8"							
26'	7/8"	1-5/16"	1-3/4"							
28'	15/16"	1-3/8"	1-7/8"							
30'	1"	1-1/2"	2"							

* Deflections rounded to the nearest 1/16."

	Series	Depth	16"	00	19.2	OC	24" 00	
	Roof Dead	Load \rightarrow	15 psf	20 psf	15 psf	20 psf	15 psf	20 psf
	PWI 18S,	9-1/2"	19'-4"	18'-5"	18'-2"	17'-3"	16'-9"	15'-9"
	LPI 18	11-7/8"	23'-4"	22'-2"	21'-9"	20'-3"	19'-5"	18'-1"
NO		9-1/2"	21'-1"	20'-1"	19'-10"	18'-10"	18'-4"	17'-3"
-Sr	PWI 20S,	11-7/8"	25'-4"	24'-1"	23'-9"	22'-4"	21'-5"	19'-11"
Non	LPI 20Plus	14"	28'-6"	26'-6"	26'-0"	24'-2"	23'-3"	21'-7"
sf 5%		16"	30'-6"	28'-5"	27'-10"	25'-11"	24'-11"	23'-2"
0 p 12		9-1/2"	22'-10"	21'-9"	21'-5"	20'-5"	19'-9"	18'-10"
v 01	PWI 32S,	11-7/8"	27'-2"	25'-10"	25'-6"	24'-3"	23'-7"	22'-4"
Non	LPI 32Plus	14"	30'-10"	29'-4"	28'-11"	27'-5"	26'-4"	24'-6"
s %		16"	34'-1"	32'-5"	31'-9"	29'-7"	28'-4"	26'-5"
	DW1 400	11-7/8"	30'-4"	28'-11"	28'-6"	27'-2"	26'-5"	25'-1"
	PWI 425,	14"	34'-6"	32'-11"	32'-5"	30'-10"	30'-0"	28'-7"
	Li i 721'lus	16"	38'-3"	36'-6"	36'-0"	34'-3"	33'-4"	31'-8"
	PWI 18S,	9-1/2"	18'-6"	17'-8"	17'-4"	16'-7"	15'-11"	14'-11"
	LPI 18	11-7/8"	22'-4"	21'-0"	20'-5"	19'-2"	18'-3"	17'-1"
		9-1/2"	20'-2"	19'-4"	18'-11"	18'-2"	17'-4"	16'-3"
	PWI 20S,	11-7/8"	24'-3"	23'-2"	22'-6"	21'-1"	20'-1"	18'-10"
	LPI 20Plus	14"	26'-9"	25'-1"	24'-4"	22'-10"	21'-9"	20'-5"
sf now		16"	28'-8"	26'-10"	26'-1"	24'-6"	23'-4"	21'-11"
5 p: % Si		9-1/2"	21'-10"	20'-11"	20'-6"	19'-7"	18'-11"	18'-1"
1159	PWI 32S, LPI 32Plus	11-7/8"	26'-0"	24'-10"	24'-4"	23'-4"	22'-6"	21'-1"
		14"	29'-6"	28'-2"	27'-8"	25'-11"	24'-8"	23'-2"
		16"	32'-7"	30'-8"	29'-9"	27'-11"	26'-7"	23'-11"
	DWI 400	11-7/8"	29'-1"	27'-10"	27'-3"	26'-1"	25'-3"	24'-2"
	LPI 42Plus	14"	33'-0"	31'-8"	31'-0"	29'-8"	28'-9"	27'-6"
		16"	36'-8"	35'-1"	34'-5"	32'-11"	31'-10"	30'-6"
	PWI 18S,	9-1/2"	17'-9"	17'-1"	16'-8"	15'-10"	15'-0"	14'-2"
	LPI 18	11-7/8"	21'-2"	20'-0"	19'-3"	18'-2"	17'-3"	16'-3"
		9-1/2"	19'-5"	18'-8"	18'-3"	17'-4"	16'-4"	15'-6"
	PWI 20S,	11-7/8"	23'-3"	22'-0"	21'-3"	20'-1"	19'-0"	17'-11"
_	LPI 20Plus	14"	25'-3"	23'-10"	23'-0"	21'-9"	20'-7"	19'-5"
sf now		16"	27'-1"	25'-7"	24'-8"	23'-4"	22'-0"	20'-10"
0 b % SI		9-1/2"	21'-0"	20'-2"	19'-8"	18'-11"	18'-2"	17'-5"
3 1159	PWI 32S,	11-7/8"	25'-0"	24'-0"	23'-5"	22'-5"	21'-3"	20'-1"
	LPI 32Plus	14"	28'-4"	27'-0"	26'-1"	24'-8"	23'-4"	21'-6"
		16"	30'-10"	29'-1"	28'-1"	26'-7"	24'-2"	21'-7"
	DWL 400	11-7/8"	27'-11"	26'-10"	26'-3"	25'-3"	24'-3"	23'-4"
	PWI 42S,	14"	31'-9"	30'-7"	29'-10"	28'-8"	27'-7"	26'-6"
	211421105	16"	35'-3"	33'-11"	33'-1"	31'-10"	30'-8"	29'-0"

Roof Span Tables: Low Pitch (6:12 or less) for 40, 50 and 60 psf Load

TO USE:

- 1. Select the appropriate set of tables based on roof pitch.
- Select the section of that table that corresponds to the design roof live load (snow or non-snow).
- 3. Find a span that meets or exceeds the design span for the appropriate roof dead load (15 psf or 20 psf).
- Read the corresponding series, depth and spacing.

DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS:

- The spans listed are the horizontal clear distance between supports and are valid for simple or continuous span applications. Continuous spans are based on the longest span. The shortest span shall not be less than 50% of the longest span.
- The spans are based on uniform gravity loads only as listed for each table, including the effects of a 300 lb concentrated load. These spans have not been evaluated for wind.
- 3. These tables do not reflect any additional stiffness provided by the roof sheathing.
- 4. Live load deflection is limited to L/240.
- 5. Total load deflection is limited to L/180.
- 6. The spans are based on an end bearing length of at least 1-3/4" and an interior bearing length of at least 3-1/2", and are limited to the bearing capacity for an SPF wall plate ($F_{C\perp}$ = 425 psi).

- Web stiffeners are not required for the Roof Span tables except when using a "bird's mouth" detail for the low-end bearing. Web fillers are required for I-Joists seated in hangers that do not laterally support the top flange or for hangers that require nailing into the web.
- L/240 represents the maximum deflection allowed per code for roof joists supporting non-plaster ceilings. Verify deflection limits with local code requirements.
- 3. Roof joists shall have a minimum pitch of 1/4" per foot (1/4:12) for positive drainage.
- Roof applications in high wind areas require special analysis which may reduce spans and may require bracing of the bottom flange and special connectors to resist uplift.
- For conditions not shown, use the Uniform Roof Load (PLF) tables, PWT's design software or contact your Pacific Woodtech™ distributor for assistance.



ACTUAL DEFLECTION BASED ON SPAN AND LIMIT										
Span (ft)	L/360	L/240	L/180							
10'	5/16"	1/2"	11/16"							
12'	3/8"	5/8"	13/16"							
14'	7/16"	11/16"	15/16"							
16'	9/16"	13/16"	1-1/16"							
18'	5/8"	7/8"	1-3/16"							
20'	11/16"	1"	1-5/16"							
22'	3/4"	1-1/8"	1-7/16"							
24'	13/16"	1-3/16"	1-5/8"							
26'	7/8"	1-5/16"	1-3/4"							
28'	15/16"	1-3/8"	1-7/8"							
30'	1"	1-1/2"	2"							

* Deflections rounded to the nearest 1/16."

	Series	Depth	16"	00	19.2" oc		24" oc	
	Roof Dead	Load \rightarrow	15 psf	20 psf	15 psf	20 psf	15 psf	20 psf
	PWI 18S,	9-1/2"	16'-7"	15'-11"	15'-3"	14'-6"	13'-7"	12'-11"
	LPI 18	11-7/8"	19'-2"	18'-3"	17'-6"	16'-8"	15'-7"	14'-10"
		9-1/2"	18'-2"	17'-5"	16'-7"	15'-10"	14'-10"	14'-2"
	PWI 20S,	11-7/8"	21'-1"	20'-2"	19'-3"	18'-4"	17'-2"	16'-5"
	LPI 20Plus	14"	22'-11"	21'-10"	20'-10"	19'-11"	18'-8"	17'-9"
sf		16"	24'-6"	23'-5"	22'-4"	21'-4"	19'-10"	18'-1"
S No		9-1/2"	19'-7"	18'-11"	18'-4"	17'-9"	16'-11"	16'-1"
4	PWI 32S,	11-7/8"	23'-4"	22'-6"	21'-7"	20'-7"	19'-3"	17'-7"
	LPI 32Plus	14"	25'-11"	24'-9"	23'-8"	22'-7"	19'-9"	18'-0"
		16"	27'-11"	26'-8"	24'-11"	22'-8"	19'-10"	18'-1"
	DWI 400	11-7/8"	26'-1"	25'-3"	24'-6"	23'-9"	22'-8"	21'-11"
	PWI 425,	14"	29'-9"	28'-9"	27'-11"	27'-0"	25'-10"	23'-10"
	LI I 42FIUS	16"	33'-0"	31'-11"	30'-11"	29'-8"	26'-11"	24'-8"
	PWI 18S,	9-1/2"	15'-5"	14'-9"	14'-0"	13'-6"	12'-6"	12'-0"
	LPI 18	11-7/8"	17'-8"	16'-11"	16'-1"	15'-5"	14'-4"	13'-6"
		9-1/2"	16'-9"	16'-1"	15'-4"	14'-8"	13'-8"	13'-1"
	PWI 20S, LPI 20Plus	11-7/8"	19'-5"	18'-8"	17'-9"	17'-0"	15'-10"	15'-1"
_		14"	21'-1"	20'-3"	19'-3"	18'-5"	16'-9"	15'-5"
sf		16"	22'-7"	21'-8"	20'-7"	19'-6"	16'-10"	15'-6"
0 bš	PWI 32S, LPI 32Plus	9-1/2"	18'-6"	17'-11"	17'-3"	16'-9"	15'-3"	14'-2"
5 1159		11-7/8"	21'-9"	20'-11"	19'-10"	18'-11"	16'-3"	15'-1"
		14"	23'-11"	22'-11"	21'-1"	19'-5"	16'-9"	15'-5"
		16"	25'-5"	23'-5"	21'-2"	19'-6"	16'-10"	15'-6"
	DWI 400	11-7/8"	24'-8"	24'-0"	23'-2"	22'-6"	21'-2"	19'-8"
	PWI 425,	14"	28'-1"	27'-4"	26'-4"	25'-7"	22'-0"	20'-5"
	211421105	16"	31'-2"	30'-2"	28'-5"	26'-5"	22'-9"	21'-1"
	PWI 18S,	9-1/2"	14'-4"	13'-10"	13'-1"	12'-7"	11'-8"	11'-1"
	LPI 18	11-7/8"	16'-5"	15'-10"	15'-0"	14'-6"	12'-7"	11'-10"
		9-1/2"	15'-8"	15'-1"	14'-3"	13'-9"	12'-9"	12'-3"
	PWI 20S,	11-7/8"	18'-1"	17'-6"	16'-6"	15'-11"	14'-0"	13'-2"
	LPI 20Plus	14"	19'-8"	18'-11"	17'-11"	17'-0"	14'-6"	13'-6"
e ۱۵		16"	21'-1"	20'-4"	18'-4"	17'-1"	14'-7"	13'-7"
0 ps		9-1/2"	17'-4"	17'-1"	16'-2"	15'-6"	13'-3"	12'-4"
6(115%	PWI 32S,	11-7/8"	20'-3"	19'-7"	17'-7"	16'-6"	14'-0"	13'-2"
	LPI 32Plus	14"	22'-0"	20'-6"	18'-3"	17'-0"	14'-6"	13'-6"
		16"	22'-1"	20'-7"	18'-4"	17'-1"	14'-7"	13'-7"
		11-7/8"	23'-2"	22'-11"	21'-9"	21'-6"	18'-4"	17'-2"
	PWI 42S,	14"	26'-4"	26'-1"	23'-10"	22'-4"	19'-0"	17'-10"
	LPI 42PIUS	16"	29'-3"	27'-9"	24'-8"	23'-1"	19'-8"	18'-5"

Roof Span Tables: High Pitch (6:12 to 12:12) for 20, 25 and 30 psf Load

TO USE:

- 1. Select the appropriate set of tables based on roof pitch.
- Select the section of that table that corresponds to the design roof live load (snow or non-snow).
- 3. Find a span that meets or exceeds the design span for the appropriate roof dead load (15 psf or 20 psf).
- Read the corresponding series, depth and spacing.
- -. Read the corresponding series, depth and spacing

DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS:

- The spans listed are the horizontal clear distance between supports and are valid for simple or continuous span applications. Continuous spans are based on the longest span. The shortest span shall not be less than 50% of the longest span.
- The spans are based on uniform gravity loads only as listed for each table, including the effects of a 300 lb concentrated load. These spans have not been evaluated for wind.
- 3. These tables do not reflect any additional stiffness provided by the roof sheathing.
- 4. Live load deflection is limited to L/240.
- 5. Total load deflection is limited to L/180.
- 6. The spans are based on an end bearing length of at least 1-3/4" and an interior bearing length of at least 3-1/2", and are limited to the bearing capacity for an SPF wall plate (F_{CL} = 425 psi).

- Web stiffeners are not required for the Roof Span tables except when using a "bird's mouth" detail for the low-end bearing. Web fillers are required for I-Joists seated in hangers that do not laterally support the top flange or for hangers that require nailing into the web.
- L/240 represents the maximum deflection allowed per code for roof joists supporting non-plaster ceilings. Verify deflection limits with local code requirements.
- 3. Roof joists shall have a minimum pitch of 1/4" per foot (1/4:12) for positive drainage.
- Roof applications in high wind areas require special analysis which may reduce spans and may require bracing of the bottom flange and special connectors to resist uplift.
- For conditions not shown, use the Uniform Roof Load (PLF) tables, PWT's design software or contact your Pacific Woodtech™ distributor for assistance.



ACTUAL DEFLECTION BASED ON SPAN AND LIMIT								
Span (ft)	L/360	L/240	L/180					
10'	5/16"	1/2"	11/16"					
12'	3/8"	5/8"	13/16"					
14'	7/16"	11/16"	15/16"					
16'	9/16"	13/16"	1-1/16"					
18'	5/8"	7/8"	1-3/16"					
20'	11/16"	1"	1-5/16"					
22'	3/4"	1-1/8"	1-7/16"					
24'	13/16"	1-3/16"	1-5/8"					
26'	7/8"	1-5/16"	1-3/4"					
28'	15/16"	1-3/8"	1-7/8"					
30'	1"	1-1/2"	2"					

* Deflections rounded to the nearest 1/16."

	Series	Depth	16"	00	19.2	" OC	24"	00
	Roof Dead	Load \rightarrow	15 psf	20 psf	15 psf	20 psf	15 psf	20 psf
	PWI 18S,	9-1/2"	17'-3"	16'-4"	16'-2"	15'-4"	15'-0"	14'-2"
	LPI 18	11-7/8"	20'-9"	19'-8"	19'-6"	18'-6"	18'-1"	16'-11"
M OI		9-1/2"	18'-10"	17'-10"	17'-8"	16'-9"	16'-4"	15'-6"
-Sn	PWI 20S,	11-7/8"	22'-7"	21'-5"	21'-2"	20'-1"	19'-8"	18'-7"
Non	LPI 20Plus	14"	25'-10"	24'-5"	24'-3"	22'-8"	21'-11"	20'-3"
sf 5%		16"	28'-9"	26'-7"	26'-4"	24'-3"	23'-6"	21'-8"
0 p: 125		9-1/2"	20'-5"	19'-4"	19'-2"	18'-2"	17'-9"	16'-9"
2 v or	PWI 32S,	11-7/8"	24'-4"	23'-0"	22'-10"	21'-7"	21'-1"	19'-11"
vou	LPI 32Plus	14"	27'-7"	26'-1"	25'-10"	24'-6"	23'-11"	22'-7"
s %		16"	30'-5"	28'-10"	28'-7"	27'-0"	26'-5"	23'-5"
	DW1 400	11-7/8"	27'-1"	25'-8"	25'-5"	24'-1"	23'-7"	22'-4"
	PWI 42S,	14"	30'-9"	29'-2"	28'-11"	27'-5"	26'-10"	25'-4"
	LI I HZPIUS	16"	34'-2"	32'-4"	32'-1"	30'-5"	29'-9"	28'-2"
	PWI 18S,	9-1/2"	16'-7"	15'-9"	15'-7"	14'-10"	14'-5"	13'-8"
	LPI 18	11-7/8"	20'-0"	19'-0"	18'-9"	17'-10"	17'-4"	16'-1"
		9-1/2"	18'-1"	17'-3"	17'-0"	16'-2"	15'-9"	15'-0"
	PWI 20S,	11-7/8"	21'-8"	20'-8"	20'-5"	19'-5"	18'-10"	17'-9"
	LPI 20Plus	14"	24'-10"	23'-7"	23'-2"	21'-6"	20'-8"	19'-3"
sf now		16"	27'-3"	25'-4"	24'-10"	23'-1"	22'-2"	20'-8"
5 ps % Sr		9-1/2"	19'-8"	18'-8"	18'-5"	17'-6"	17'-0"	16'-2"
2 1159	PWI 32S,	11-7/8"	23'-4"	22'-3"	21'-11"	20'-10"	20'-3"	19'-3"
	LPI 32Plus	14"	26'-6"	25'-2"	24'-10"	23'-8"	23'-0"	21'-1"
		16"	29'-3"	27'-10"	27'-5"	26'-1"	24'-6"	21'-2"
	DW1 400	11-7/8"	26'-0"	24'-9"	24'-5"	23'-3"	22'-8"	21'-7"
	PWI 425,	14"	29'-7"	28'-2"	27'-10"	26'-6"	25'-9"	24'-6"
	211 121 103	16"	32'-10"	31'-3"	30'-10"	29'-5"	28'-7"	27'-2"
	PWI 18S,	9-1/2"	16'-0"	15'-3"	15'-0"	14'-4"	13'-11"	13'-3"
	LPI 18	11-7/8"	19'-3"	18'-5"	18'-1"	17'-3"	16'-5"	15'-5"
		9-1/2"	17'-5"	16'-8"	16'-5"	15'-8"	15'-2"	14'-6"
	PWI 20S,	11-7/8"	20'-11"	20'-0"	19'-8"	18'-10"	18'-1"	17'-0"
	LPI 20Plus	14"	24'-0"	22'-7"	22'-0"	20'-7"	19'-8"	18'-5"
sf now		16"	25'-10"	24'-2"	23'-7"	22'-1"	21'-1"	19'-4"
S SI		9-1/2"	18'-11"	18'-1"	17'-9"	17'-0"	16'-5"	15'-8"
3 1159	PWI 32S,	11-7/8"	22'-6"	21'-6"	21'-2"	20'-2"	19'-6"	18'-8"
	LPI 32Plus	14"	25'-7"	24'-5"	24'-0"	22'-11"	22'-0"	19'-3"
		16"	28'-3"	27'-0"	26'-6"	24'-3"	22'-1"	19'-4"
	DW1 400	11-7/8"	25'-2"	24'-0"	23'-7"	22'-7"	21'-10"	20'-11"
	PWI 42S,	14"	28'-7"	27'-4"	26'-10"	25'-8"	24'-10"	23'-9"
	Li i 42 Flus	16"	31'-9"	30'-4"	29'-9"	28'-6"	27'-7"	26'-4"

Roof Span Tables: High Pitch (6:12 to 12:12) for 40, 50 and 60 psf Load

TO USE:

- 1. Select the appropriate set of tables based on roof pitch.
- 2. Select the section of that table that corresponds to the design roof live load (snow or non-snow).
- 3. Find a span that meets or exceeds the design span for the appropriate roof dead load (15 psf or 20 psf).
- Read the corresponding series, depth and spacing.
- 4. Read the corresponding series, depth and spacing.

DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS:

- The spans listed are the horizontal clear distance between supports and are valid for simple or continuous span applications. Continuous spans are based on the longest span. The shortest span shall not be less than 50% of the longest span.
- The spans are based on uniform gravity loads only as listed for each table, including the effects of a 300 lb concentrated load. These spans have not been evaluated for wind.
- 3. These tables do not reflect any additional stiffness provided by the roof sheathing.
- 4. Live load deflection is limited to L/240.
- 5. Total load deflection is limited to L/180.
- 6. The spans are based on an end bearing length of at least 1-3/4" and an interior bearing length of at least 3-1/2", and are limited to the bearing capacity for an SPF wall plate ($F_{C\perp}$ = 425 psi).

- Web stiffeners are not required for the Roof Span tables except when using a "bird's mouth" detail for the low-end bearing. Web fillers are required for I-loists seated in hangers that do not laterally support the top flange or for hangers that require nailing into the web.
- L/240 represents the maximum deflection allowed per code for roof joists supporting non-plaster ceilings. Verify deflection limits with local code requirements.
- 3. Roof joists shall have a minimum pitch of 1/4" per foot (1/4:12) for positive drainage.
- Roof applications in high wind areas require special analysis which may reduce spans and may require bracing of the bottom flange and special connectors to resist uplift.
- For conditions not shown, use the Uniform Roof Load (PLF) tables, PWT's design software or contact your Pacific Woodtech[™] distributor for assistance.



ACTUAL DEFLECTION BASED ON SPAN AND LIMIT							
Span (ft)	L/360	L/240	L/180				
10'	5/16"	1/2"	11/16"				
12'	3/8"	5/8"	13/16"				
14'	7/16"	11/16"	15/16"				
16'	9/16"	13/16"	1-1/16"				
18'	5/8"	7/8"	1-3/16"				
20'	11/16"	1"	1-5/16"				
22'	3/4"	1-1/8"	1-7/16"				
24'	13/16"	1-3/16"	1-5/8"				
26'	7/8"	1-5/16"	1-3/4"				
28'	15/16"	1-3/8"	1-7/8"				
30'	1"	1-1/2"	2"				

* Deflections rounded to the nearest 1/16."

	Series	Depth	16"	00	19.2	" OC	24"	00
	Roof Dead	Load →	15 psf	20 psf	15 psf	20 psf	15 psf	20 psf
	PWI 18S,	9-1/2"	15'-0"	14'-6"	14'-1"	13'-7"	13'-1"	12'-4"
	LPI 18	11-7/8"	18'-2"	17'-5"	16'-10"	15'-11"	15'-0"	14'-2"
		9-1/2"	16'-5"	15'-10"	15'-5"	14'-10"	14'-3"	13'-6"
	PWI 20S,	11-7/8"	19'-8"	19'-0"	18'-6"	17'-6"	16'-7"	15'-8"
	LPI 20Plus	14"	22'-0"	20'-10"	20'-1"	19'-0"	17'-11"	16'-5"
sf now		16"	23'-7"	22'-4"	21'-6"	20'-4"	18'-5"	16'-5"
äS %		9-1/2"	17'-9"	17'-1"	16'-8"	16'-0"	15'-5"	14'-10"
4	PWI 32S,	11-7/8"	21'-2"	20'-4"	19'-10"	19'-1"	18'-3"	16'-4"
	LPI 32Plus	14"	24'-0"	23'-1"	22'-6"	20'-7"	18'-4"	16'-5"
		16"	26'-6"	24'-10"	23'-1"	20'-8"	18'-5"	16'-5"
	DWI 400	11-7/8"	23'-8"	22'-9"	22'-2"	21'-4"	20'-6"	19'-9"
	PWI 425,	14"	26'-11"	25'-11"	25'-3"	24'-4"	23'-4"	22'-1"
	211421105	16"	29'-10"	28'-9"	28'-0"	27'-0"	25'-6"	22'-10"
	PWI 18S,	9-1/2"	14'-3"	13'-10"	13'-5"	12'-11"	12'-1"	11'-6"
	LPI 18	11-7/8"	17'-1"	16'-3"	15'-7"	14'-10"	13'-11"	12'-8"
		9-1/2"	15'-7"	15'-1"	14'-7"	14'-1"	13'-3"	12'-7"
	PWI 20S,	11-7/8"	18'-8"	17'-11"	17'-2"	16'-4"	15'-4"	14'-2"
	LPI 20Plus	14"	20'-5"	19'-5"	18'-7"	17'-9"	15'-8"	14'-3"
sf now		16"	21'-10"	20'-10"	19'-10"	18'-0"	15'-9"	14'-4"
۵.8 % 0	_7	9-1/2"	16'-10"	16'-4"	15'-9"	15'-3"	14'-7"	14'-1"
115	PWI 32S,	11-7/8"	20'-1"	19'-5"	18'-10"	17'-10"	15'-8"	14'-2"
	LPI 32Plus	14"	22'-9"	21'-7"	19'-9"	17'-11"	15'-8"	14'-3"
		16"	23'-10"	21'-8"	19'-10"	18'-0"	15'-9"	14'-4"
	PWI 499	11-7/8"	22'-5"	21'-8"	21'-1"	20'-4"	19'-6"	18'-6"
	LPI 42Plus	14"	25'-6"	24'-8"	23'-11"	23'-2"	21'-2"	19'-2"
		16"	28'-4"	27'-5"	26'-7"	24'-11"	21'-10"	19'-10"
	PWI 18S,	9-1/2"	13'-8"	13'-3"	12'-8"	12'-2"	11'-4"	10'-10"
	LPI 18	11-7/8"	16'-0"	15'-4"	14'-7"	14'-0"	12'-3"	11'-3"
		9-1/2"	14'-11"	14'-5"	13'-10"	13'-3"	12'-4"	11'-10"
	PWI 20S,	11-7/8"	17'-7"	16'-11"	16'-1"	15'-5"	13'-8"	12'-7"
>	LPI 20Plus	14"	19'-1"	18'-4"	17'-3"	15'-10"	13'-9"	12'-7"
sf nov		16"	20'-6"	19'-2"	17'-4"	15'-11"	13'-9"	12'-8"
0 p % S		9-1/2"	16'-1"	15'-7"	15'-1"	14'-7"	13'-7"	12'-6"
6 115	PWI 32S,	11-7/8"	19'-2"	18'-7"	17'-2"	15'-9"	13'-8"	12'-7"
	LPI 32Plus	14"	20'-9"	19'-1"	17'-3"	15'-10"	13'-9"	12'-7"
		16"	20'-10"	19'-2"	17'-4"	15'-11"	13'-9"	12'-8"
	DWI 429	11-7/8"	21'-5"	20'-10"	20'-1"	19'-6"	17'-10"	16'-4"
	LPI 42Plus	14"	24'-5"	23'-8"	22'-11"	21'-4"	18'-6"	17'-0"
	2	16"	27'-1"	26'-3"	24'-0"	22'-1"	19'-2"	17'-7"

Cantilever Details



Brick-Ledge Cantilevers

TOTAL JOIST REACTION CALCULATION

Pacific Woodtech[™] I-Joists can cantilever up to 6" to support a load-bearing wall over a brick finish. Depending on the Total Joist Reaction (TJR), the joists may require reinforcement. If the TJR is less than the End Reaction Capacity W/out Stiffeners (page 4), then no reinforcement is required. If the TJR is greater than the End Reaction Capacity W/out Stiffeners, but less than the End Reaction Capacity With Stiffeners, then web stiffeners shall be installed at the bearing. Otherwise, one of the reinforcing details from below shall be used.

TOTAL JOIST REACTION, TJR = FLR + WLR + RLR

- Where: FLR = Floor Load Reaction
 - WLR = Wall Load Reaction
 - RLR = Roof Load Reaction, including any other floor, ceiling or attic loads imposed on wall



EXAMPLE

I-Joist: 9-1/2	" PWI 20S Wall u	nder Cantilever: 3	-1/2" wide					
Design Load	s: Floor: 40/10 psf Roof: 20/10 psf Wall: 80 plf	Floor System:	Joist Span Joist Cantilever Joist Spacing	= 16' = 5" = 16" oc	Roof System:	Roof Span Roof Overhang	= 22' = 1'	
FLR	= (Joist Span / 2 + Jois = (16' / 2 + 5" / 12) * (4 = 561 lbs.	st Cantilever / 12) * 10 psf + 10 psf) * (1	(Design Floor Lo 16" / 12)	ad) * (Joist Spa	acing / 12)			
WLR	= (Design Wall Load) * = (80 plf) * (16" / 12) = 107 lbs.	(Joist Spacing / 12))					
RLR	= (Roof Span / 2 + Roo = (22' / 2 + 1') * (20 ps = 480 lbs.	of Overhang) * (Des f + 10 psf) * (16" /	sign Roof Load) * 12)	(Joist Spacing	/ 12)			
TJR	= 561 + 107 + 480 = 1148 lbs.							
	ALLOWABLE END R	EACTION CAPAC	ΙТΥ					
	9-1/2" PWI 20S on a 3-1/2	" wall			@ 1-1/2" Beari	ng @ 4" Bearin	ng @ 3-1/2" Bear	ing
	w/o Web Stiffeners				970	1110	1082	
	w/Web Stiffeners				1140	1260	1236	
	w/Web Filler Reinforcing				-	-	2600	
		athing Full Donth Dainf	orcing (One Side)		_	_	3500	
	w/ 23/32" APA Rated She	atiling Full-Depth Kellin	croing (one cruc)				0000	

Since the Total Joist Reaction, 1148 lbs., is greater than the End Reaction Capacity w/out Stiffeners, 1082 lbs., but less than End Reaction Capacity with Stiffeners, 1236 lbs., this joist only requires the installation of web stiffeners at the bearing.

Web Hole Specifications: Circular Holes



TO USE:

1. Select the required series and depth.

2. Determine the support condition for the nearest bearing: end support or interior support (including cantilever-end supports).

3. Select the row corresponding to the required Clear Span. For spans between those listed, use the next largest value.

4 Select the column corresponding to the required hole diameter. For diameters between those listed, use the next largest value.

5. The intersection of the Clear Span row and Hole Diameter column gives the minimum distance from the inside face of bearing to the center of a circular hole.

6. Double check the distance to the other support, using the appropriate support condition.

		Clear		Dista	ance fron	n End Sup	oport		Distan	ce from l	nterior o	r Cantilev	er-End S	upport
Series Depth Span				Hole Di	ameter					Hole Di	iameter			
		(ft)	2"	4"	6"	8"	10"	12"	2"	4"	6"	8"	10"	12"
		6'	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	-	-	-	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	-	-	-
	0.4/01	10'	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-1"	-	-	-	1'-0"	1'-3"	3'-1"	-	-	-
	9-1/2"	14'	1'-0"	2'-2"	4'-6"	-	-	-	1'-11"	3'-9"	5'-7"	-	-	-
PWI 18S,		18'	2'-4"	4'-7"	7'-2"	-	-	-	4'-5"	6'-3"	8'-4"	-	-	-
LPI 18		10'	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-10"	-	-	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-3"	3'-0"	-	-
	11 7/01	14'	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-1"	4'-4"	-	-	1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-9"	5'-6"	-	-
	11-7/8	18'	1'-0"	2'-5"	4'-6"	6'-11"	-	-	2'-9"	4'-6"	6'-3"	8'-1"	-	-
		22'	2'-8"	4'-9"	7'-0"	9'-8"	-	-	5'-3"	7'-0"	8'-9"	11'-0"	-	-
		6'	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	-	-	-	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	-	-	-
	0.1/0	10'	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	-	-	-	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	-	-	-
	9-1/2	14'	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-5"	-	-	-	1'-0"	1'-5"	3'-1"	-	-	-
		18'	1'-0"	1'-9"	3'-8"	-	-	-	2'-3"	3'-11"	5'-7"	-	-	-
		10'	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	-	-	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	-	-
D111 000	11 7/01	14'	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-9"	-	-	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-1"	3'-5"	-	-
PWI 20S,	11-7/8	18'	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	4'-1"	-	-	1'-10"	3'-3"	4'-7"	5'-11"	-	-
LPI 20Plus		22'	1'-8"	3'-2"	4'-10"	6'-7"	-	-	4'-4"	5'-9"	7'-1"	8'-5"	-	-
& DWI 200		14'	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-2"	-	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-5"	2'-7"	3'-9"	-
PWI 325,		18'	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-9"	3'-1"	4'-6"	-	1'-8"	2'-10"	3'-11"	5'-1"	6'-3"	-
LFI 52FIUS	14	22'	1'-5"	2'-9"	4'-1"	5'-6"	7'-0"	-	4'-2"	5'-4"	6'-5"	7'-7"	8'-9"	-
		26'	3'-8"	5'-0"	6'-5"	8'-0"	9'-8"	-	6'-8"	7'-10"	8'-11"	10'-1"	11'-4"	-
		18'	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-4"	2'-5"	3'-7"	4'-11"	1'-6"	2'-6"	3'-6"	4'-6"	5'-6"	6'-6"
	101	22'	1'-4"	2'-5"	3'-6"	4'-9"	6'-1"	7'-5"	4'-0"	5'-0"	6'-0"	7'-0"	8'-0"	9'-0"
	16	26'	3'-6"	4'-8"	5'-11"	7'-2"	8'-7"	10'-1"	6'-6"	7'-6"	8'-6"	9'-6"	10'-6"	11'-9"
		30'	5'-9"	7'-0"	8'-4"	9'-9"	11'-3"	12'-10"	9'-0"	10'-0"	11'-0"	12'-0"	13'-2"	14'-8"
		10'	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	-	-	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	-	-
	11 7/01	14'	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-9"	-	-	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-1"	3'-5"	-	-
	11-7/8	18'	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	4'-1"	-	-	1'-10"	3'-3"	4'-7"	5'-11"	-	-
		22'	1'-8"	3'-2"	4'-10"	6'-7"	-	-	4'-4"	5'-9"	7'-1"	8'-5"	-	-
		14'	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-2"	-	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-5"	2'-7"	3'-9"	-
PWI 42S,	441	18'	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-9"	3'-1"	4'-6"	-	1'-8"	2'-10"	3'-11"	5'-1"	6'-3"	-
LPI 42Plus	14."	22'	1'-5"	2'-9"	4'-1"	5'-6"	7'-0"	-	4'-2"	5'-4"	6'-5"	7'-7"	8'-9"	-
		26'	3'-8"	5'-0"	6'-5"	8'-0"	9'-8"	-	6'-8"	7'-10"	8'-11"	10'-1"	11'-4"	-
		18'	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-4"	2'-5"	3'-7"	4'-11"	1'-6"	2'-6"	3'-6"	4'-6"	5'-6"	6'-6"
	101	22'	1'-4"	2'-5"	3'-6"	4'-9"	6'-1"	7'-5"	4'-0"	5'-0"	6'-0"	7'-0"	8'-0"	9'-0"
	10	26'	3'-6"	4'-8"	5'-11"	7'-2"	8'-7"	10'-1"	6'-6"	7'-6"	8'-6"	9'-6"	10'-6"	11'-9"
		30'	5'-9"	7'-0"	8'-4"	9'-9"	11'-3"	12'-10"	9'-0"	10'-0"	11'-0"	12'-0"	13'-2"	14'-8"

DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS:

- The hole locations listed above are valid for floor joists supporting only uniform loads. The total uniform load shall not exceed 130 pff (e.g., 40 psf Live Load and 25 psf Dead Load spaced 24" oc).
- Hole location is measured from the inside face of bearing to the center of a circular hole, from the closest support.
- Clear Span has not been verified for these joists and is shown for informational purposes only! Verify that the joist selected will work for the span and loading conditions needed before checking hole location.
- The maximum hole depth for circular holes is the l-joist Depth less 4", except the maximum hole depth is 6" for 9-1/2" PWI joists, and 8" for 11-7/8" PWI joists.
- Holes cannot be located in the span where designated "-", without further analysis by a design professional.

NOTES:

- Holes may be placed anywhere within the depth of the web. A minimum 1/4" clear distance from the flanges is recommended so as not to cut a flange
- Recommendation of the second second second the second secon
- Perforated "knockouts" may be neglected when locating web holes.
- Holes larger than 1-1/2" are not permitted in cantilevers without special engineering.
- cantievers without special engineering.
 5. Multiple holes shall have a clear separation along the length of the joist of at least twice the larger dimension of the larger adjacent hole, or a minimum of 12° center-to-center, whichever is greater.
- 6. Multiple holes may be spaced closer provided they fit within the boundary of an acceptable larger hole. Example: two 3" round holes aligned parallel to the joist length may be spaced 2" apart (clear distance) provided that a 3" high by 8" long rectangle or an 8" diameter round hole are acceptable for the joist depth at that location and completely encompass the holes.
- For conditions not covered in this table, use PWT's design software or contact your local Pacific Woodtech™ distributor for more information.

Web Hole Specifications: Rectangular Holes



TO USE:

Select the required series and depth. 1

2. Determine the support condition for the nearest bearing; end support or interior support (including cantilever-end supports).

3. Select the row corresponding to the required Clear Span. For spans between those listed, use the next largest value.

4 Select the column corresponding to the required hole dimension. For dimensions between those listed, use the next largest value.

5. The intersection of the Clear Span row and Hole Dimension column gives the minimum distance from the inside face of bearing to the nearest edge of a square or rectangular hole.

6. Double check the distance to the other support, using the appropriate support condition.

		Clear		Dist	ance fron	1 End Su	oport		Distance from Interior or Cantilever-End Support					
Series Depth Span		Ma	kimum H	ole Dimer	nsion: De	pth or W	idth	Ma	ximum Ho	ole Dimer	nsion: De	pth or Wi	idth	
		(ft)	2"	4"	6"	8"	10"	12"	2"	4"	6"	8"	10"	12"
		6'	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-2"	1'-7"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-3"	1'-6"	1'-10"	2'-2"
	9-1/2"	10'	1'-0"	1'-4"	2'-10"	3'-3"	3'-9"	4'-3"	1'-3"	2'-6"	3'-9"	4'-0"	4'-5"	-
		14'	2'-2"	3'-8"	5'-5"	5'-11"	6'-6"	-	3'-9"	5'-0"	6'-4"	-	-	-
PWI 18S,		18'	4'-7"	6'-3"	8'-2"	-	-	-	6'-3"	7'-6"	-	-	-	-
LPI 18		10'	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-2"	3'-6"	4'-0"	-	1'-1"	2'-2"	3'-2"	4'-2"	-	-
	44 7/01	14'	2'-0"	3'-3"	4'-8"	6'-3"	-	-	3'-7"	4'-8"	5'-8"	-	-	-
	11-7/8"	18'	4'-4"	5'-9"	7'-3"	-	-	-	6'-1"	7'-2"	8'-5"	-	-	-
		22'	6'-10"	8'-4"	10'-1"	-	-	-	8'-7"	9'-9"	-	-	-	-
		6'	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-5"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-3"	1'-8"	2'-0"
	0.4/01	10'	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	2'-11"	3'-5"	3'-11"	1'-0"	2'-1"	3'-5"	3'-9"	4'-2"	-
	9-1/2"	14'	1'-7"	3'-2"	5'-0"	5'-7"	6'-1"	-	3'-3"	4'-7"	5'-11"	6'-5"	-	-
		18'	3'-11"	5'-8"	7'-9"	8'-4"	-	-	5'-9"	7'-1"	-	-	-	-
		10'	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-9"	3'-3"	3'-9"	4'-3"	1'-0"	1'-9"	2'-10"	4'-0"	4'-5"	-
	44 7 (0)	14'	1'-5"	2'-9"	4'-2"	5'-11"	6'-6"	-	3'-1"	4'-3"	5'-4"	-	-	-
PWI 20S,	11-7/8"	18'	3'-8"	5'-2"	6'-9"	8'-8"	-	-	5'-7"	6'-9"	7'-11"	-	-	-
LPI 20Plus		22'	6'-1"	7'-9"	9'-6"	-	-	-	8'-1"	9'-3"	-	-	-	-
& DW1 000		14'	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-8"	4'-11"	5'-9"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	4'-2"	5'-10"	-
PWI 325,		18'	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-11"	5'-1"	7'-7"	8'-6"	1'-7"	3'-3"	5'-0"	6'-8"	-	-
LPI 32Plus	14"	22'	1'-4"	3'-3"	5'-4"	7'-8"	10'-5"	-	4'-1"	5'-9"	7'-6"	9'-2"	-	-
		26'	3'-6"	5'-7"	7'-10"	10'-4"	-	-	6'-7"	8'-3"	10'-0"	12'-0"	-	-
		18'	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-5"	4'-4"	6'-5"	-	1'-5"	3'-0"	4'-6"	6'-1"	7'-8"	-
	101	22'	1'-2"	2'-11"	4'-9"	6'-10"	9'-2"	-	3'-11"	5'-6"	7'-0"	8'-7"	10'-6"	-
	16"	26'	3'-4"	5'-2"	7'-2"	9'-5"	11'-11"	-	6'-5"	8'-0"	9'-6"	11'-1"	-	-
		30'	5'-8"	7'-7"	9'-9"	12'-1"	-	-	8'-11"	10'-6"	12'-0"	14'-0"	-	-
		10'	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-9"	3'-3"	3'-9"	4'-3"	1'-0"	1'-9"	2'-10"	4'-0"	4'-5"	-
	44 7/01	14'	1'-5"	2'-9"	4'-2"	5'-11"	6'-6"	-	3'-1"	4'-3"	5'-4"	-	-	-
	11-7/8"	18'	3'-8"	5'-2"	6'-9"	8'-8"	-	-	5'-7"	6'-9"	7'-11"	-	-	-
		22'	6'-1"	7'-9"	9'-6"	-	-	-	8'-1"	9'-3"	-	-	-	-
		14'	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-8"	4'-11"	5'-9"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	4'-2"	5'-10"	-
PWI 42S.		18'	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-11"	5'-1"	7'-7"	8'-6"	1'-7"	3'-3"	5'-0"	6'-8"	-	-
LPI 42Plus	14"	22'	1'-4"	3'-3"	5'-4"	7'-8"	10'-5"	-	4'-1"	5'-9"	7'-6"	9'-2"	-	-
		26'	3'-6"	5'-7"	7'-10"	10'-4"	-	-	6'-7"	8'-3"	10'-0"	12'-0"	-	-
		18'	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-5"	4'-4"	6'-5"	-	1'-5"	3'-0"	4'-6"	6'-1"	7'-8"	-
	101	22'	1'-2"	2'-11"	4'-9"	6'-10"	9'-2"	-	3'-11"	5'-6"	7'-0"	8'-7"	10'-6"	-
	16"	26'	3'-4"	5'-2"	7'-2"	9'-5"	11'-11"	-	6'-5"	8'-0"	9'-6"	11'-1"	-	-
		30'	5'-8"	7'-7"	9'-9"	12'-1"	-	-	8'-11"	10'-6"	12'-0"	14'-0"	-	-

DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. The hole locations listed above are valid for floor joists supporting only uniform loads. The total uniform load shall not exceed 130 plf (e.g., 40 psf Live Load and 25 psf Dead Load spaced 24" oc).
- 2. Hole location is measured from the inside face of bearing to the nearest edge of a rectangular hole, from the closest support.
- Clear Span has not been verified for these joists and 3. is shown for informational purposes only! Verify that the joist selected will work for the span and loading conditions needed before checking hole location.
- The maximum hole depth for rectangular holes is the l-ioist Depth less 4," except the maximum hole depth 4. is 6" for 9-1/2" PWI joists, and 8" for 11-7/8" PWI Joists. Where the Maximum Hole Dimension exceeds the hole depth, the dimension refers to hole width and the depth of the hole is assumed to be the maximum for that joist depth. The maximum hole width is 18", regardless of I-joist Depth.
- Holes cannot be located in the span where designated "-", without further analysis by a design professional.

NOTES:

- Holes may be placed anywhere within the depth of 1. the web. A minimum 1/4" clear distance from the
- flanges is recommended so as not to cut a flange. 2. Round holes up to 1-1/2" diameter may be placed
- anywhere in the web. Perforated "knockouts" may be neglected when 3. locating web holes.Holes larger than 1-1/2" are not permitted in
- cantilevers without special engineering.
- 5. Multiple holes shall have a clear separation along the length of the joist of at least twice the larger dimension of the larger adjacent hole, or a minimum of 12" center-to-center, whichever is greater.
- Withigh holes may be spaced closer provided they fit within the boundary of an acceptable larger hole. Example: two 3" round holes aligned parallel to the joist length may be spaced 2" apart (clear distance) provided that a 3" high by 8" long rectangle or an 8" 6. diameter round hole are acceptable for the joist depth at that location and completely encompass the holes. 7.
- For conditions not covered in this table, use PWT's design software or contact your local Pacific Woodtech™ distributor for more information.

Floor Details





Floor Details



I-JOIST HEADER CROSS SECTION

Filler and Backer Blocks:



flanges with a gap of at least 1/8", but not more than 1".

Filler Blocks: Fasten I-Joists together with filler blocks between the PWI webs:

- Filler blocks must be installed at any load that is not applied to the top of the member and equally to all plies. See Detail E5 for installation instructions.
- · For joists supporting only top loads that are equally applied to both plies, filler blocks can be omitted.

Backer Blocks: Minimum 12" long backer blocks must be installed at all hangers and all concentrated loads that are not equally applied to each ply, center backer block on load.

- · For a single I-joist header install backer blocks to both sides of the web.
- Backer blocks may be omitted for top-mount hangers supporting only downward loads not exceeding 250 lbs.
- Install backer blocks tight to top flange for top-mount hangers or top concentrated loads. Install tight to bottom flange for face-mount hangers.
- Attach using 10 nails (0.131"x3-1/4" (min.), clinch where possible) spaced to avoid splitting, with half the nails to each side
 of the center of the supported hanger.
- · Face mount hanger nails must be min. 3" long per manufacturer's specifications.

Filler Block Depth Example:

minimum 12" length.

BEVEL CUT/FIRE CUT PWI blocking or other lateral support

required at ends of I-Joist

- Multiple filler blocks may be stacked vertically to achieve the filler depth for a 14" deep l-joist (min. req. is 14" – 3" – 1"=10"). One row of nails must be in each filler.
- Backer Block Length Example: Two pieces, example 2 x 8 (min.) lumber, that are cut to the proper height may be set vertically side-by-side to achieve the required



Contact the project's design professional or Pacific Woodtech™ distributor if these conditions are not met.

Refer to the I-Joist Filler Thickness table for the correct filler and backer block thickness.

• Filler and backer blocks shall consist of APA Rated wood structural panel (OSB or plywood), 2 x lumber (SPF or better), or PWLVL or OSB Rim Board.

• Filler and backer blocks for members that are top-loaded only, or at hangers that do not require nailing into the web, shall be: at least 5-1/2" deep

for I-joists up to 11-7/8" deep and at least 7-1/4" deep for I-joists deeper than 11-7/8". Otherwise, filler blocks shall fit the clear distance between

• For double PWIs that are not top loaded or have loads that are not applied equally to both plies, the max unfactored loads for standard duration:

Concentrated Load = 1200 lbs., Uniform Load = 520 plf. Loads may be increased with more nails and adjusted for other load durations.

I-JOIST FILLER THICKNESS

1 JOIOT TILLELIN TIM			
Series	Filler Block	Web Filler/Backer Block	
PWI 18S, LPI 18, PWI 20S, LPI 20Plus, PWI 32S, LPI 32Plus	2-1/8"	1"	
PWI 42S, LPI 42Plus	3"	1-1/2"	

NOTES:

1. Backer blocks and filler blocks shall consist of APA Rated wood structural panel (OSB or plywood), or 2x lumber (SPF or better).

2. OSB or PWT LVL Rim may also be used.

 Refer to the Notes for the I-Joist Header Cross-Section above for details on the required height and length, and nailing of the backer blocks and filler blocks.



- 1. Some wind or seismic loads may require different or additional details and connections.
- 2. Verify building code requirements for suitability of details shown.
- 3. Refer to page 4 for bearing length requirements.
- 4. Refer to page 20 for Flange Face Nailing Schedule for PWI rim joist or blocking panel nailing.

wall

5. Lateral support shall be considered for bottom flange when there is no sheathing on underside.

Bevel cut may not extend beyond inside face of bearing

- 6. Verify capacity and fastening requirements of hangers and connectors.
- 7. Squash block capacity designed by others.

Roof Details





NOTES:

- 1. Minimum pitch: 1/4" per foot (1/4:12). Maximum pitch: 12" per foot (12:12).
- Verify capacity and fastening requirements of hangers and connectors.
- Some wind or seismic loads may require different or additional details and connections. Uplift anchors may be required.
- 4" diameter hole(s) may be cut in blocking for ventilation.
 Lateral resistance shall be provided. Other methods of restraint, such as full depth OSB Rim Board, PWT LVL or metal X-bracing may be substituted for the PWI blocking shown.

Framing Connectors

GENERAL NOTES:

1. The following tables provide a list of the more common hangers and connectors for use with Pacific Woodtech™ I-Joists.

2. Refer to the manufacturer's connector guide for a complete list of hangers and to verify the suitability of a hanger or connector for a particular application.

3. Follow all connector manufacturers' installation guidelines.

SIMPSON STRONG	i-TIE®							
Sorios Donth		Top-Mount		Face-	Mount	45° Skewed	Field Slope & Skew	Variable Pitch Seat
Jenes	Deptil	Single	Double	Single	Double	Single	Single	Single
2-1/2" Flange PWI 18S, LPI 18	9-1/2"	ITS2.56/9.5	MIT39.5-2	IUS2.56/9.5	MIU5.12/9	SUR/L2.56/9	LSSUH310 *	VPA3
PWI 20S, LPI 20Plus PWI 32S, LPI 32Plus	11-7/8"	ITS2.56/11.88	MIT311.88-2	IUS2.56/11.88	MIU5.12/12	SUR/L2.56/11	LSSUH310 *	VPA3
2-1/2" Flange	14"	ITS2.56/14	MIT314-2	IUS2.56/14	MIU5.12/14	SUR/L2.56/14	LSSUH310 *	VPA3
PWI 203, LPI 20Plus PWI 32S, LPI 32Plus	16"	ITS2.56/16	MIT5.12/16	IUS2.56/16	MIU5.12/16	SUR/L2.56/14 *	**	VPA3
	11-7/8"	ITS3.56/11.88	B7.12/11.88 *	IUS3.56/11.88	HU412-2 *	SUR/L410 *	LSSU410 *	VPA4
3-1/2" Flange PWI 42S, LPI 42Plus	14"	ITS3.56/14	B7.12/14 *	IUS3.56/14	HU414-2 *	SUR/L414 *	LSSU410 *	VPA4
	16"	ITS3.56/16	B7.12/16 *	IUS3.56/16	HU414-2 *	SUR/L414 *	**	VPA4

Web filler required for proper installation of hanger.
 Refer to Simpson Strong-Tie "Wood Construction Connectors" catalog for hanger selection.

MITEK [®] STRUCT	URAL CONN	IECTORS						
Carles	Danáh	Top-M	/lount	Face	Face-Mount		Field Slope & Skew	Variable Pitch Seat ¹
Series	Depth	Single	Double	Single	Double	Single	Single	Single
2-1/2" Flange PWI 18S, LPI 18	9-1/2"	TFL2595	TH025950-2 *	THFI2595	IHF25925-2 *	SKH2520L/R *	LSSH25 *	TMP25 or TMPH25 *
PWI 20S, LPI 20Plus PWI 32S, LPI 32Plus	11-7/8"	TFL25118	TH025118-2 *	THFI25118	IHF25112-2 *	SKH2520L/R *	LSSH25 *	TMP25 or TMPH25 *
2-1/2" Flange	14"	TFL2514	TH025140-2 *	THFI2514	THF25140-2 *	SKH2524L/R *	LSSH25 *	TMP25 or TMPH25 *
PWI 203, LPI 20Plus PWI 32S, LPI 32Plus	16"	TFL2516	TH025160-2 *	IHFL2516	THF25160-2 *	SKH2524L/R *	LSSH25 * †	TMP25 or TMPH25 *
	11-7/8"	TH035118	BPH71118 *	IHFL35112	HD7120 *	HD410_SK45L/R_BV * **	LSSH35 *	TMP4 or TMPH4 *
3-1/2" Flange PWI 42S, LPI 42Plus	14"	TH035140	BPH7114 *	IHFL3514	HD7140 *	HD414_SK45L/R_BV	LSSH35 *	TMP4 or TMPH4 *
	16"	TH035160	BPH7116 *	IHFL3516	HD7160 *	HD414_SK45L/R_BV * **	LSSH35 * †	TMP4 or TMPH4 *

* Web filler required for proper installation of hanger.

** Miter cut required on end of joist.

Hanger height is less than 60% of the joist depth. Supplemental lateral support of the top flange is required. Refer to MiTek's installation instructions.
Use TMP seats for joist pitch of 1:12 to 6:12. Use TMPH for joist pitch of 6:12 and greater.



Web Stiffeners, Rim & Blocking, Nailing



WEB STIFFENER REQUIREMENTS

Series	Depth	Minimum Thickness	Maximum Height	Nail Size*	Nail Qty
9-1/2"		23/32"	6-3/8"	8d (2-1/2")	3
PWI 18S, LPI 18	11-7/8"	23/32"	8-3/4"	8d (2-1/2")	3
PWI 205, LPI 20Plus PWI 32S, LPI 32Plus	14"	23/32"	10-7/8"	8d (2-1/2")	3
	16"	23/32"	12-7/8"	8d (2-1/2")	3
	11-7/8"	1-1/2"	8-3/4"	10d (3")	3
PWI 42S, LPI 42Plus	PWI 42S, LPI 42Plus 14"		10-7/8"	10d (3")	3
16"		1-1/2"	12-7/8"	10d (3")	3

* Nails may be Box or Common.

RIM & BLOCKING CAPACITY								
Series	Depth	Uniform Vertical Load Capacity (plf)						
PWI 18S, LPI 18	9-1/2"	1900						
PWI 20S, LPI 20Plus	11-7/8"	1760						
DWI 205 LDI 20Dius	14"	1600						
PWI 203, LFI 20Flus	16"	1500						
PWI 32S, LPI 32Plus	9-1/2"	2200						
	11-7/8"	2200						
PWI 32S, LPI 32Plus PWI 42S, LPI 42Plus	14"	1600						
	16"	1500						

NOTES:

- 1. Uniform Vertical Load Capacity shall not be adjusted for load duration.
- Concentrated vertical loads require the addition of squash blocks. Do not use PWI rim or blocking to support concentrated vertical loads.
- Lateral load capacity for all series above is 200 plf but may be limited by the connection details used. Do not exceed the Flange Face Nailing requirements at right.

FLANGE FACE N	AILING]	
Sorios	Nail Size and Type	Minimum N	ail Distance
Jerres	Nali Size allu Type	oc Spacing	End
	8d (2-1/2") Box or Common	2"	1"
PWI 18S, LPI 18	10d (3") or 12d (3-1/4") Box	2"	1"
PWI 20S, LPI 20Plus PWI 32S, LPI 32Plus	10d (3") or 12d (3-1/4") Common	3"	1-1/2"
PWI 42S, LPI 42Plus	16d Sinker (3-1/4")	3"	1-1/2"
	16d (3-1/2") Box or Common	4"	1-1/2"

NOTES:

1. Use only 10d box or 8d nails when securing an PWI floor or roof joist to its supports.

RIM BOARD CAPACITIES

				Vertical Load Capacity ¹		1 4 1456
Material	Grade	Thickness	Unif (p	orm² If)	Concentrated ³ (lbs)	Lateral ^{4,3,0} Load Capacity
			d ≤ 16"	16" < d ≤ 24"	d ≤ 24"	(pii)
OCP	APA C2/Rim Board ⁷	1"	3300	1650	3500	180
USD	APA C1/Rim Board ⁷	1-1/8"	4400	3000	3500	180

NOTES:

1. The Vertical Load Capacity shall not be increased for short-term load duration.

The Uniform Vertical Load Capacity is based on the capacity of the rim board and may need to be reduced based on the bearing capacity of the supporting wall plate or the attached floor sheathing. Example: The allowable bearing stress for commodity floor sheathing is 360 psi so the bearing capacity of a 1-1/4" x 16" deep rim board would be limited to 5400 pff (360 psi x 1-1/4" x 12). 2.

3. The Concentrated Vertical Load Capacity is assumed to be applied through a minimum 4-1/2" bearing length (3-stud post).

The Lateral Load Capacity is based on a short-term load duration and shall not be increased. 4.

5. The Lateral Load Capacity is based on the connections specified in the Installation details on page 20.

6.

Additional framing connectors fastened to the face of the rim board may be used to increase lateral capacity for wind and seismic design. 7.

The APA C1 and C2 grades in product standard ANSI/APA PRR 410-2011 are equivalent to the rim board grade in product standard APA PRR-401.

ALLOWABLE UN	IIFORM LOADS (P	LF) FOR RIM BOA	ARD HEADERS: M	AXIMUM 4' CLEAI	R SPAN
Matarial	Thislanses		Rir	n Board Depth	
Wateriai	Inickness	9-1/2"	11-7/8"	2-Ply 14"	2-Ply 16"
000	1"	330 (1-1/2")	480 (3")	1280 (3")	1670 (4-1/2")
058	1-1/8"	370 (1-1/2")	540 (3")	1440 (3")	1880 (4-1/2")

NOTES:

This table is for preliminary design for uniform gravity loads only. Final design should include a complete analysis of all loads and connections.

2. The allowable loads are for a maximum 4' clear span with minimum bearings for each end (listed in parentheses) based on the bearing capacity of the rim board. For headers bearing on wood plates, the bearing length may need to be increased based on the ratio of the bearing capacity of the rim board divided by the bearing capacity of the plate species.

3. Normal load duration is assumed and shall be adjusted according to code.

4. Depths greater than 11-7/8" shall be used with a minimum of two plies, as shown. Depths of 11-7/8" and less may be used as a two-ply header by multiplying the allowable loads by two.

5. Multiple-ply headers shall be toe-nailed to the plate from both faces. Fasten the floor sheathing to the top of each ply to provide proper lateral support for each ply.

For multiple-ply headers supporting top-loads only, fasten plies together with minimum 8d box nails (2-1/2" x 0.113") at a maximum spacing of 12" oc. Use 2 rows of nails for 9-1/2" and 11-7/8." Use 3 rows for depths 14" and greater. Clinch the nails where possible. For side-loaded multiple-ply headers, refer to the Connection Capacity For Side-Loaded 2-Ply Rim Board Headers table below for the required nailing and the allowable side load that can be applied. 6.

The designer shall verify proper bearing for the header. 7.

8. Joints in the rim are not allowed over openings and must be located at least 12" from any opening.

9. Refer to the "APA Performance Rated Rim Boards" (Form No. W345) for additional information including allowable loads for smaller openings.

CONNECTION CAPACITY FOR SIDE-LOADED 2-PLY RIM BOARD HEADERS (PLF)

Material	Thickness	Minimum Nail Size	3 Rows of Nails at 6" oc	4 Rows of Nails at 6" oc	5 Rows of Nails at 6" oc	6 Rows of Nails at 6" oc
OSB	1" & 1-1/8"	8d (2-1/2" x 0.113")	768	1024	1280	1536

NOTES:

This table represents the uniform side-load capacity of the connection for a 2-ply header. The total applied uniform load, including top-load and side-load, shall not exceed the allowable uniform load capacity of the header as tabulated above. 1.

2. The tabulated side-load capacity is for normal load duration and shall be adjusted according to code.

3. Use 3 rows of nails for 9-1/2" and 11-7/8"; 4 rows for 14" and 16"; 5 rows for 18" and 20"; 6 rows for 24" deep rim board. Clinch the nails where possible.

4. Headers consisting of more than 2 plies, alternate fastening or higher side loads are possible but require proper design of the connection.



NOTE:

Additional framing connectors to the face of the rim board may 1 be used to increase lateral capacity for wind and seismic design.

Trim the tongue or groove of the floor sheathing in accordance 2 with the T&G Trim Requirements table.

T&G TRIM REQUIREMENTS

Floor Sheathing	Rim Board Thickness			
Thickness	1"	1-1/8"	1-1/4"	> 1-1/4"
≤ 7/8"	Trim	Not Required	Not Required	Not Required
> 7/8"	Trim	Trim	Trim	Not Required

Warnings



WARNINGS

The following conditions are <u>NOT</u> permitted! Do not use visually damaged products without first checking with your local Pacific Woodtech[™] distributor or sales office.



Nataa	
Notes	

HANDLING & STORAGE GUIDELINES

- WARNING: Failure to follow proper procedures for handling, storage and installation could result in unsatisfactory performance, unsafe structures and possible collapse.
- Keep Pacific Woodtech[™] products dry. These products are intended to resist the effects of moisture on structural performance from normal construction delays but are not intended for permanent exposure to the weather.
- Unload products carefully, by lifting. Support the bundles to reduce excessive bowing. Individual products should be handled in a manner which prevents physical damage during measuring, cutting, erection, etc. I-Joists shall be handled vertically and not flatwise.
- Keep products stored in wrapped and strapped bundles, stacked no more than 10' high. Support and separate bundles with 2x4 (or larger) stickers spaced no more than 10' apart. Keep stickers in line vertically.
- Product must not be stored in contact with the ground, or have prolonged exposure to the weather.





- For satisfactory performance, Pacific Woodtech products must be used under dry, covered and well-ventilated interior conditions in which the equivalent moisture content in lumber is less than 16%.
- For built-up members, all Pacific Woodtech products shall be dry before nailing or bolting to avoid trapping moisture.
- Pacific Woodtech products shall not be used for unintended purposes such as ramps and planks.

Pacific Woodtech I-Joists

PWI 18S, LPI 18

Width: 2-1/2" Depths: 9-1/2", 11-7/8" Web Thickness: 3/8" Flange Material: Solid Sawn Flange Depth: 1-1/2"

PWI 42S, LPI 42Plus

Width: 3-1/2" Depths: 11-7/8", 14", 16" Web Thickness: 3/8" Flange Material: Solid Sawn Flange Depth: 1-1/2" **PWI 2OS & PWI 32S, LPI 2OPIus & LPI 32PIus** Width: 2-1/2" Depths: 9-1/2", 11-7/8", 14", 16" Web Thickness: 3/8" Flange Material: Solid Sawn Flange Depth: 1-1/2"

CODE EVALUATION

Align stickers one abo the othe

Use fabric slings

Hard, dry, level surface

10'-0" max

Code evaluation reports can be obtained at www.pacificwoodtech.com ICC ESR-1305 APA PR-L238

For more information on the full line of Pacific Woodtech products or the nearest distributor, visit our web site at pacificwoodtech.com.

Phone: (800) 515-7570 E-mail: sales@pacificwoodtech.com

Pacific Woodtech products are manufactured at different locations in the United States and Canada. Please verify availability with the Pacific Woodtech distributor in your area before specifying these products.



For product catalog & complete warranty details, visit pacificwoodtech.com

Cal. Prop 65 Warning:

WARNING: Drilling, sawing, sanding or machining wood products can expose you to wood dust, a substance known to the State of California to cause cancer. Avoid inhaling wood dust or use a dust mask or other safeguards for personal protection. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.wood.

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