



MIII

LP SolidStart I-Joists, LSL, LVL & Rim Board Technical Guide for Fire-Rated Assemblies

PCorp.com **BUILD WITH US**.

hility with the LD CalidCtart Engineered Wood Droducte distributor in your area prior to engelfuing these products



| LP SolidStart I-Joist Product Specifications |
|--|
| Q & A on Fire-Rated Design Assemblies |
| References |
| Fire-Resistance Design and Equivalencies |
| Fire-Rated Wall Assembly: One-Hour |
| Fire-Rated Floor/Ceiling Assembly: |
| One-Hour, Single Layer 6 |
| One-Hour, Double Layer7 |
| Two-Hour, Triple Layer |
| 45-Minute, Single Layer 9 |
| Fire-Rated Rim Board Assembly: |
| One-Hour |
| Two-Hour |

LP SolidStart I-Joist Product Specifications





Where A = the cross-sectional area of a flange

Q. What is a fire-resistance rating?

- A. A fire-resistance rating refers to the period of time an assembly is able to contain a fire and perform its intended structural function. These ratings are determined by subjecting an assembly to a standard fire exposure as defined in ASTM E119. Commonly designated as one-hour or two-hour, these ratings provide a standardized means for comparing assemblies and are not intended to reflect performance under any other condition.
- Q. What is the fire-resistance rating of an individual wood member?
- A. Except for large, timber-size wood members, fire-resistance ratings are usually assigned to an assembly, not to an individual wood member. For more information on determining the fire-resistance of large wood members, please refer to Section 722.6.3 of the 2012 IBC.

Q. Can the fire-resistance rating of an assembly be calculated?

A. Yes. For rectangular sections such as LSL and LVL used as joists or studs in floor, roof and wall assemblies, Section 722.6 of the 2012 IBC provides a method for adding the time assigned to the individual components of an assembly. This Component Additive Method (CAM) is limited to a maximum of one hour for the IBC.

Q. What is fire-retardant-treated (FRT) wood?

A. FRT refers to wood that has been impregnated with a chemical to reduce surface-burning characteristics, as defined in Section 2303.2 of the 2012 IBC.

Q. Can LP products be treated or coated with fire retardant?

A. LP has not tested any third-party treatments or coatings to verify their claims. The third-party is solely responsible for the performance of their products. LP assumes no liability for claims made by third-parties. Refer to the LP engineered wood products warranty.

LP does not recommend pressure treatment of its products.

Q. Can I get a copy of your fire test report?

A. LP's proprietary fire-resistance-rated assemblies can be found in ICC-ES evaluation reports ESR-1305 for LP I-Joist floor/ ceiling assemblies and ESR-2403 for LP LSL and LVL wall assemblies. Please visit: http://www.icc-es.org.

LP also maintains listings with Intertek, an accredited third-party agency. These listings can be found at: https://whdirectory.intertek.com.

Q. Can one fire-resistant-rated assembly be substituted for another?

A. An assembly is typically specified by the architect or the engineer of the project. While it may be possible to substitute assemblies with equivalent fire-resistance ratings, any substitution must be approved by the specifier due to potential differences in construction (for example, one layer of gypsum wallboard versus two layers).

Q. Can Type C gypsum wallboard be substituted for Type X?

A. Type C of equivalent or greater thickness can replace Type X in a fire-resistance-rated assembly. However, the opposite is not true: Type X cannot be substituted for Type C unless demonstrated through fire assembly test. "Type X" refers to gypsum wallboard meeting special fire-resistance criteria defined in ASTM C1396 Standard Specification for Gypsum Board. While not specifically recognized in ASTM C1396, "Type C" has become a common nickname for proprietary gypsum wallboard that exceeds the fire-resistance requirements of Type X. The Gypsum Association describes this "Improved Type X" as "specially-formulated gypsum board, meeting all the requirements of Type X gypsum board, with additional properties to further enhance the fire-resistive characteristics of the use of the product in some proprietary systems."

American Wood Council (AWC)

http://www.awc.org

- Design for Code Acceptance:
 - DCA 1 Flame Spread Performance of Wood Products
 - DCA 2 Design of Fire-Resistive Exposed Wood Members
 - DCA 3 Fire Rated Wood-Frame Wall and Floor/ Ceiling Assemblies
 - DCA 4 Component Additive Method (CAM) for Calculating and Demonstrating Assembly Fire Endurance
- Chapter 16 of the 2012 National Design Specification for Wood Construction (2012 NDS) Fire Design of Wood Members
- TR 10 Calculating the Fire Resistance of Exposed Wood Members

APA - The Engineered Wood Association (APA)

http://www.apawood.org

- TT-015 Wood I-Joist Floors, Firefighters and Fire
- W305 Fire-Rated Systems
- J745 Sprinkler Pipe Installation for APA Performance Rated I-Joists
- H730 Sprinkler Installation for APA Performance Rated I-Joists
- D350 APA Rim Board[®] in Fire Rated Assemblies
- W460 Noise-Rated Systems

Gypsum Association (GA)

http://www.gypsum.org

• GA-600-12 - Fire Resistance Design Manual

International Code Council (ICC)

http://www.iccsafe.org

- Chapter 7 of the IBC Fire and Smoke Protection Features
- Section R302 of the IRC Fire-Resistant Construction
- Section P2904 of the IRC Dwelling Unit Fire Sprinkler Systems

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)

http://www.nfpa.org

- Fire Protection Handbook
- NFPA 1 Fire Code
- NFPA 13 Automatic Sprinkler Systems Handbook
- NFPA 13 Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems

NOTE: LP SolidStart LVL was previously branded as Gang-Lam LVL.

Fire-Resistance Design and Equivalencies

FIRE RESISTANCE OF EXPOSED WOOD MEMBERS

Large timber-sized, wood members exposed to fire can be assigned a fire-resistance rating in accordance Section 722.6.3 of the 2012 IBC. While this originally applied to solid wood and glulam beams and columns with a minimum dimension of 6" nominal or greater, tests on structural composite lumber (LSL, LVL and PSL) have demonstrated equivalent char rates making these methods applicable to LP LSL and LVL with a minimum dimension of 5-1/4". Due to the charring that occurs during exposure to fire, the residual capacity of the member must be determined in accordance with Chapter 16 of the NDS to account for the loss of section. The calculated fire resistance is valid only for single-ply members or LP's glue-laminated "billet" beams, and does not apply to mechanically built-up sections.

CONVENTIONAL LIGHT-FRAME WALL CONSTRUCTION

LP SolidStart LSL and LVL may be used as direct replacements for non-fire-retardant treated sawn lumber studs of equivalent-sized No.2 or lower grades in the prescriptive 1-hour fire-resistance-rated wall assemblies listed in Table 721.1(2) of the 2012 IBC, with the additions of wall cavity insulation and finish systems specified in assembly W60-S.1 on page 5 of this document.

PRESCRIPTIVE FIRE-RESISTANCE-RATED FLOOR AND ROOF ASSEMBLIES

LP LSL having a grade of 1.35E or greater, and LP LVL having a grade of 1.5E or greater, can directly replace non-fire-retardant-treated sawn lumber of equivalent size in the assemblies listed in Table 721.1(3) of the 2012 IBC.

2012 IRC: FIRE PROTECTION OF FLOORS

LP LSL having a grade of 1.35E or greater, and LP LVL having a grade of 1.5E or greater, with minimum thickness of 1-1/2" and depth of 9-1/4" are equivalent to lumber floor joists and therefore do not require membrane protection in accordance with Exception 4 of Section R501.3 of the 2012 IRC.

FIREBLOCKING

LP LSL or LP LVL having a minimum thickness of 1-1/4" can be used as an alternate to 2x lumber fireblocking, and LP LSL, LP LVL or LP OSB Rim Board having a minimum thickness of 1" can be used as an alternate to 23/32" wood structural panel fireblocking, provided the joints are backed accordingly (Section 718.2 of the 2012 IBC, and Section R302.11.1 of the 2012 IRC).



| ONE-HOUR ENGINE | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Assembly | | W60-5.1 | | | | |
| | Grade (min.) | 1.35E LP SolidStart LSL or 1.5E LVL | | | | |
| 1 Wall Chude | Thickness (min.) | 1-1/2" | | | | |
| 1. Wall Studs | Depth (min.) | 3-1/2" | | | | |
| | Spacing (max.) | 24" o.c. | | | | |
| 2. Insulation | Type/Installation | Mineral wool placed in each stud cavity | | | | |
| 2. Insulation | Density (min.) | 2.5 pcf | | | | |
| | Thickness & Type | 5/8" Type X | | | | |
| | Attachment | 2-1/4" Type S drywall screws | | | | |
| 2. Cunsum Wallboard | - Spacing | 7" o.c. along each stud | | | | |
| 3. Gypsum Wallboard | - Edge distance | 1" | | | | |
| | Finish system (not shown) | Wallboard joints covered with paper tape and joint compound, fastener heads covered with joint compound | | | | |
| Deferment | LP | Intertek Listing LP/MWP 60-01 ICC-ES ESR-2403 Section 4.5.4(2) | | | | |
| References | IBC | N/A | | | | |
| | DCA 3 | N/A | | | | |

NOTES:

1. The design for studs must not exceed the bearing capacity of the wall plate and the axial compression stress must not exceed the following:

a. 440 psi for LSL, and 550 psi for LVL b. $0.77 F_c$ ' for LSL, and $0.63 F_c$ ' for LVL

Where F_{i} is the compression design value parallel to grain, adjusted by all applicable adjustment factors in accordance with the NDS, including the Column Stability Factor C_{p}

c. 0.77 F_c⁺ for LSL, and 0.63 F_c⁺ for LVL Where: F_c⁺ is the compression design value parallel to grain, adjusted by all applicable adjustment factors in accordance with the NDS, and C_p is evaluated at a slenderness ratio of 33

Fire-Rated Floor/Ceiling Assembly: One-Hour, Single Layer



| Assembly | | Free | D-S.1 | Free |)-5.2 | FC60 | | FC60 | -5.4 | FC60 | -5.5 | |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|---|------------|---|-----------------|--|-----------------|--|
| • | | FLB | J-5.I | FLBI | | | | | -5.4 | FLBU | -5.5 | |
| 1. Floor Sheathin | 1g ² | | | | 23/32" T & C | & G wood structural panel, glued and nailed | | | | | | |
| | Series | 4 | All 18, 20Plus, 32Plus, 18, 20Plus, 32Plus, 36, 42Plus, 52Plus, 56 42Plus, 52Plus, 56 | | | 42Plus, 52P | lus and 56 | 42Plus (whe 52Plus | | | | |
| | Depth (min.) | 9-1/4" | | 11-1 | /4" | 9-1 | /4" | 9-1/ | 4" | 9-1/ | /4" | |
| 2. LP I-Joist | Flange depth (min.) | 1-5 | /16" | 1-1 | /2" | 1-1 | /2" | 1-1/ | 2" | 1-1/ | /2" | |
| | Flange area (min.) | 2.25 in ² | | 2.25 | 5 in² | 3.45 | in² | 5.25 | in² | 5.25 in ² | | |
| | Web thickness (min.) | 3/ | 8" | 3/ | 8" | 3/ | 8" | 3/8 | 3" | 7/1 | 6" | |
| | Spacing (max.) | 24" | 0.C. | 24" | 0.C. | 24" | o.c. | 24" (| o.c. | 24" | 0.C. | |
| 3. Insulation | Type/ Installation | suppo | vool batts rted by g strips | Mineral wool batts below bottom flanges and supported by channels | | Mineral wool batts below bottom flanges and supported by channels | | Mineral w supported b | | Mineral w supported b | | |
| 5. Insulation | Thickness (min.) | 2 | | 1 | | 1 | " | 1-1/ | 2" | 1-1/ | /2" | |
| | Density (min.) | 3.5 | pcf | 9 | ocf | 6 1 | ocf | 2.5 | pcf | 2.5 | pcf | |
| | Galvanized steel type | 1/2" deep 0.019" thio | single leg/ ck resilient | | ge x 0.838" resilient, by CSC clips | 0.019" thick hat-shaped supported by CSC clips | | 0.026" thick hat-shaped doubled at board end joints | | 0.019" thick resilient doubled at board end joints | | |
| 4. Channels ³ | Spacing | 16" o.c. | | 24" | o.c. | 24" o.c. | | 16" a | D.C. | 16" o.c. | | |
| | Attachment | 1-7/8" Typ screw p | 1-7/8" Type S drywall screw per joist | | C clips nailed ange with 6d 1mon nail | Simpson CSC clips nailed to side of flange with 1-1/2" No. 11 gauge nail | | 1-5/8" Type S drywall screw per joist | | 1-5/8" Type S drywall screw per joist | | |
| | Tee Section (not shown)⁴ | | | No. 20 gauge x 1-7/8" wide x 1-1/2" short leg attached to channels with one 1" Type S | | | | | | | | |
| | Thickness & Type | 5/8" Type C | | 5/8" Type C | | 1/2" T | уре С | 5/8" T | ype C | 5/8" T | уре С | |
| | Attachment (drywall screw) | 1-1/8" Type S to channels | | 1" Type S to channels | | 1" Ty to cha | | 1-1/8" 1 to cha | | 1" Ty to cha | | |
| | - Field spacing | 7" | 0.C. | 8" o.c. to furring channel | | 12" | 0.C. | 12" o | D.C. | 12" (| o.c. | |
| 5. Gypsum | Spacing along end and edge of panel | 7" | 7" o.c. | | 8" o.c. to furring channel and tee section | | 6" o.c. | |).C. | 8" o.c. | | |
| Wallboard | - End/edge distance | 3/4" | | 3/4" | | 3/4" | | 3/4 | 4" | 3/4" | | |
| | Finish system (not shown) | Wallboard joints covered with paper tape and joint compound, fastener heads covered with joint compound | | Optional | | Wallboard joints covered with paper tape an fastener heads covered with joint co | | | nd, | | | |
| 6. Wood Setting Strips | | bottom flang | 1" x 4" attached to bottom flange with 1-1/2" drywall screw at 24" o.c. | | none | | none | | none | | none | |
| References | LP | | | | Intertek Listing LP/FCA 60-02(b) (FC-458) ICC-ES ESR-1305 Fig. 4 in Section 4.8 | | | | | | | |
| | IBC⁵ | Item No. 23-1.1 | | | | | | Item No. 24-1.1 | | Item No. 25-1.1 | | |
| DCA 3 | | WIJ | -1.3 | | | WIJ-1.4 | | WIJ-1.1 | | WIJ-1.2 | | |
| Sound & Impact | Rating | STC | IIC | STC | IIC | STC | IIC | STC | IIC | STC | IIC | |
| Without | Cushioned Vinyl | 51 ⁷ | 467 | 46 | 40 | - | - | - | - | 51 ⁷ | 467 | |
| Gypsum | Carpet & Pad | 52 | 66 | 46 | 68 | 46 | 68 | - | - | 51 ⁷ | 647 | |
| With Current | Cushioned Vinyl | 60 ⁷ | 487 | 51 | 47 | 51 | 47 | - | - | 60 ⁷ | 50 ⁷ | |
| With Gypsum | Carpet & Pad | 607 | 607 | 50 | 73 | 50 | 73 | 497 | 59 ⁷ | 607 | 657 | |

NOTES:

1. Floor/Ceiling assemblies may also be used in a fire-rated Roof/Ceiling application provided they are constructed per specified minimum requirements, except 15/32" square edge panels may be substituted for specified subfloor sheathing.

2. Floor topping such as gypsum, lightweight or normal concrete when present provides better sound and impact rating for the assembly.

3. Resilient or hat-shaped channels are installed perpendicular to I-Joists.

Tee sections when present are installed perpendicular to channels at board joint edges.
 Gypsum wallboard are installed perpendicular to I-Joist, or perpendicular to channels when present.

6. IBC 2012 Table 721.1(3)

7. STC and IIC values estimated by David L. Adams Associates, Inc.



| Assembly | | FC60 | I-D.1 | FC60-D.2 | FC6 | 0-D.3 | | FC60 |)-D.4 | | FC60-D.5 | |
|---------------------------------|---|---|--|---|--|--|---|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|
| 1. Floor Sheathing ² | | 23/32" T structural p | & G wood anel, nailed | 23/32" T & G wood structural panel, nailed | 23/32" T & G wood structural panel, nailed | | 23/32" wood structural panel, glued and nailed | | | 1/2" wood structural panel, glued and nailed | | |
| | S | eries | All 18, 20Plus, 32Plus, 3 | | 6, 42Plus, 52Plus, 56 | | 18, 20Plus, 32Plus, 36, 42Plus, 52Plus, 56 | | | All | | |
| | Depth (min.) Flange Depth (min.) Flange Area (min.) | | 9-1 | /2" | 9-1/4" | 9-1 | /4" | | 9-1 | /2" | | |
| 2. LP I-Joist | | | 1-5/ | '16" | 1-1/2" | 1-1 | /2" | | 1-1 | /2" | | No flange, |
| | | | 1.95 | in² | 2.25 in ² | 2.2 | 5 in² | | 2.25 | 5 in² | | web and depth requirement |
| | V | Veb Thickness (min.) | 3/ | 8" | 3/8" | 3, | /8" | | 3/ | 8" | | |
| | S | pacing (max.) | 24" | o.c. | 24" o.c. | 24" | o.c. | | 24" | o.c. | | 24" o.c. |
| 3. Insulation | | | no | ne | none | nc | one | u |)ptional nfaced f sound c | fibergla | SS | none |
| | C | alvanized Steel Type | 0.019" thic chan | | none | nc | one | cł | otional nannels sound o | install | ed | none |
| 4. Channels ³ | S | pacing | 16" | o.c. | | | | | 16" | 0.C. | | |
| | A | ttachment | 1-5/8" Type S drywall screw per joist⁴ | | | | | | | | | |
| | 5a | Base Layer Thickness (min.) & Type | 1/2" Type X | | 1/2" Type X | 1/2" Type C | | 1/2" Type X | | | | 5/8" Type X |
| | Attachment to joist/ channel (drywall screw) | | To channels with 1-1/4" Type S at 12" o.c. | | 1-5/8" Type S at 12" o.c. | 1" Type S at 12" o.c. | | 1-5/8" Type W at 12" o.c. | | | 1 | 1-1/4" Type S or Type W at 24" o.c. |
| | | Face Layer Thickness (min.) & Type | | | 1/2" Type X | 1/2" - | Гуре С | 1/2" Type X | | | 5/8" Type X or veneer base | |
| 5. Gypsum Wallboard⁵ | 5b | Attachment to joist/channel (drywall screw) | 1-5/8" Type to channel base | s through | 2" Type S at 12" in field, 8" o.c. at edges to bottom flange through base layer | o.c. to bot through ba intermedia | pe S at 12" tom flange ase layer on te joists and end joints. | to | /4" Type bottom nels wh | ı flange | or | 1-7/8" Type S or Type W at 12" o.c. at joints and intermediate joist |
| | | Attachment to base layer (drywall screw) | 1-1/2" Typ at 8" o.c. at face layer | 1-1/2" from | 1-1/2" Type G screw at 8" o.c. at 6" from face layer end joints. | 1-1/2" Type G screw at 8" o.c., 6" from end, staggered at 4" 1-1/2" Type G scr 8" o.c.and 6" fr each end joir | | d 6" fro | m | 1-1/2" Type G screw at 12" o.c. | | |
| Finish system (not shown) | | | Wallboard joints covered with paper tape and joint compound, fastener heads covered with joint com | | | | | int compound | | | | |
| LP | | | | | | | Intertek Listing LP/FCA 60-01 (FC-477) ICC-ES ESR-1305 Fig. 3 in Section 4.8 | | j | | | |
| IBC ⁶ | | ltem No | 0. 27-1.1 | Item No. 26-1.1 | | | | | | | Item No. 21-1.1 | |
| DCA 3 | | WIJ | -1.6 | | WI | J-1.5 | | | | | | |
| Sound & Impact Rating | | With Cł | annels | | Without | Channels | With Chan | | | ith nnels | | |
| | | | STC | IIC | | STC | IIC | STC | IIC | STC | IIC | |
| Without | C | ushioned Vinyl | - | - | | - | - | 46 | 40 | 50 | 43 | |
| Gypsum | C | arpet & Pad | 54 | 68 | | - | - | 47 | 68 | 49 | 73 | |
| With | C | ushioned Vinyl | - | - | | - | - | 52 | 43 | 53 | 48 | |
| Gypsum | | arpet & Pad | 587 | 59 ⁷ | | 49 ⁷ | 557 | 51 | 72 | 51 | 77 | |

NOTES:

 Floor/Ceiling assemblies may also be used in a fire-rated Roof/Ceiling application provided they are constructed per specified minimum requirements, except 15/32" square edge panels may be substituted for specified subfloor sheathing.

2. Floor topping such as gypsum, lightweight or normal concrete when present provides better sound and impact rating for the assembly.

3. Resilient or hat-shaped channels when present are installed perpendicular to I-Joists with drywall screw.

4. Per IBC requirement. DCA-3 WIJ-1.6 requires 1-1/4" screw length.

5. Gypsum wallboard is installed perpendicular to the I-Joist, or perpendicular to channels when present.

6. IBC 2012 Table 721.1(3)

7. STC and IIC values estimated by David L. Adams Associates, Inc.

Fire-Rated Floor/Ceiling Assembly: Two-Hour, Triple Layer



| TWO-HOUR 1 | RIPL | E LAYER FL | OOR/CEILING ASSEMBLY | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Assembly | | | | FC120-T.1 | | | | |
| 1. Floor Sheathi | 1. Floor Sheathing ² | | | 23/32" T & G wood structural panel, nailed | | | | |
| | S | eries | | 18, 20Plus, 32Plus, 36, 42Plus, 52Plus, 56 | | | | |
| | 0 |)epth (min.) | | 9-1/4" depth | | | | |
| 2. LP I-Joist | Flange depth (min.) | | | 1-1/ | 2" | | | |
| 2. LP 1-Joist | F | lange area (mir | ı.) | 2.25 | in² | | | |
| | V | Veb thickness (| min.) | 3/8 | 3" | | | |
| | S | ipacing (max.) | | 24" (| D.C. | | | |
| 3. Insulation | | | | 3-1/2" thick (min.) unfaced fi | berglass fitted between I-Joists | | | |
| | | alvanized steel | type | 0.0179" thick hat-sha | ped furring channels | | | |
| 4. Channels | S | pacing | | 16" c | D.C. | | | |
| 4. Chaimeis | Attachment | | | To bottom flange through base layer with 1-5/8" drywall screws (furring channels support middle layer and face layer) | | | | |
| | _ Base Layer | | hickness (min.) & Type | 5/8" Type C (installed perpendicular to I-Joists) | | | | |
| | 5a | Attachment | to joist (drywall screw) | 1-5/8" Type S at 12" o.c. to bottom flange | | | | |
| | 56 | Middle Laye | r Thickness (min.) & Type | 5/8" Type C (installed per | rpendicular to channels) | | | |
| 5. Gypsum | 50 | Attachment | to channels (drywall screw) | 1" Type S at 12" o.c. to channels | | | | |
| Wallboard | | Face Layer T | hickness (min.) & Type | 5/8" Type C (installed per | rpendicular to channels) | | | |
| | 50 | Attachment | to channels (drywall screw) | 1-5/8" Type S at 8" o.c. to ch | annel through middle layer | | | |
| | | Finish system (not shown) | | Wallboard joints covered with paper tape and joint compound, fastener heads covered with joint compound | | | | |
| | L | P | | Intertek Listing LP/FCA 120-01, ICC | -ES ESR-1305 Fig. 6 in Section 4.8 | | | |
| References IBC ³ | | | Item No | . 28-1.1 | | | | |
| DCA 3 | | WIJ- | 2.1 | | | | | |
| Sound & Impact | t Ratin | g | | STC | IIC | | | |
| Without Gypsum Cushioned Vinyl | | - | - | | | | | |
| without dypsu | | | Carpet & Pad | 49 ⁴ | 54 ⁴ | | | |
| With Gypsum | | | Cushioned Vinyl | 524 | 464 | | | |
| with aypsum | | | Carpet & Pad | 524 | 604 | | | |

NOTES:

Floor/Ceiling assemblies may also be used in a fire-rated Roof/Ceiling application provided they are constructed per specified minimum requirements, except 15/32" square edge panels may be substituted for specified subfloor sheathing.

Floor topping such as gypsum, lightweight or normal concrete when present provides better sound and impact rating for the assembly.
 IBC 2012 Table 721.1(3)

4. STC and IIC values estimated by David L. Adams Associates, Inc.



45-MINUTE SINGLE LAYER FLOOR/ CEILING ASSEMBLY¹

| CEILING ASSE | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Assembly | | FC4 | 5-S.1 | | | |
| 1. Floor Sheathir | lg² | 3/4" T & G wood structural panel or 19/32" for 16" or 19.2" joist spacing | | | | |
| Series | | 18, 20Plus, 32Plus, 36, 42Plus, 52Plus, 56 | | | | |
| | Depth (min.) | 9-1 | /2" | | | |
| 2.1.0.1.1.1.1.1 | Flange depth (min.) | 1-1 | /2" | | | |
| 2. LP I-Joist | Flange area (min.) | 2.62 | 5 in² | | | |
| | Web thickness (min.) | 3/ | 8" | | | |
| | Spacing (max.) | 24" | O.C. | | | |
| 3. Insulation | | Optional – 3-1/2" thick fr | Optional - 3-1/2" thick friction fit between flanges | | | |
| Galvanized steel type | | Nominal 1/2" offset 24-gauge resilient channels | | | | |
| 4. Channels | Spacing | 16" o.c. | | | | |
| | Attachment | Perpendicular to bottom flange with 1/2" Type S at joist intersections | | | | |
| | Thickness (min.) & Type | 5/8" Type X (installed perpendicular to channels) | | | | |
| 5. Gypsum Wallboard | Attachment (drywall screw) | 1" screws to channels at 8" o.c. in field areas, at 6" o.c. in board edges at 1-1/2" edge distance, 3/4" edge distance | | | | |
| Finish system (not shown) | | Wallboard joints covered with paper tape and joint compound, fastener heads covered with joint compound | | | | |
| | LP | Intertek Listing | g LP/FCA 45-01 | | | |
| References IBC | | N | /A | | | |
| DCA 3 | | N/A | | | | |
| Sound & Impact | Rating | STC | lic | | | |
| Without Gypsum | 1 | 50 | 45 | | | |
| With Gypsum | | 57 | - | | | |

NOTES:

 Floor/Ceiling assemblies may also be used in a fire-rated Roof/Ceiling application provided they are constructed per specified minimum requirements, except 15/32" square edge panels may be substituted for specified subfloor sheathing.

2. Floor topping such as gypsum, lightweight or normal concrete when present provides better sound and impact rating for the assembly.

Fire-Rated Rim Board Assembly: One-Hour



| DOUBLE CEN | ΓER | WALL CONSTRUCTION | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Assembly | | RB60-D.1 | RB60-D.2 | RB60-D.3 | RB60-D.4 | RB60-D.5 | | | |
| 1. Upper Level F | ramir | ıg | Non-Continuous | | | Continuous | | | |
| 2. Floor/Ceiling Assembly Fire Rating | | 1-Hour | 45-Minute Unrated, with or without ceiling membrane | | Unrated with gypsum Unrated with board no ceiling taped and filled membrane | | | | |
| | 3a | Continuous rim board | Min. 1" LP OSB or 1-1/4" LVL or LSL | | | | | | |
| 3. Rim Board Assembly | зb | Continuous gypsum wallboard | Not required | 1/2" conventional at occupancy sides | 5/8" Type X at occupancy sides | 1/2" Type X at one cavity side | 1/2" conventional at cavity sides (shown) or occupancy sides | | |
| | | Attachment to rim board | | 1-1/2" Type W screws at 12" o.c. | | | | | |
| 4. Wall Assemb | 4. Wall Assembly Fire Rating | | | 1-Hour | | | | | |
| References | | LP | Intertek Design No. 5 | Intertek Design No. 4 | Intertek Design No. 3 | Intertek Design No. 1 | Intertek Design No. 2 | | |
| References | | IBC | N/A | | | | | | |
| | | DCA 3 | | | N/A | | | | |

NOTES:

1. LPI I-Joists may be oriented either parallel or perpendicular to the rim.

2. When I-Joists are oriented parallel to the rim, blocking spaced 24" o.c. max. is required in the first bay.

3. When I-Joists are perpendicular to the rim board, I-joists spacing must not be more than 24" o.c.



| END WALL A | ND S | SINGLE CENTER WALL CONSTRUC | TION ¹ | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|---|----------------|-----------|--|--|
| Assembly | | | RB60-E.1 | RB60-E.2 | RB60-5.1 | RB60-5.2 | | |
| 1. Upper Level F | ramir | ıg | | Continuous or N | Non-Continuous | | | |
| 2. Floor/Ceiling | Asse | mbly Fire Rating | Unrated | 1-Hour | 45-Minute | or 1-Hour | | |
| | 3a Continuous rim board | | Min. 1" LP OSB or 1-1/4" LVL or LSL | Min. 1" LP OSB 2-ply 1" LP OSB or 1-ply 1-1/8" OSB or 1-1/4" LVL or LSL or 1-ply 1-1/4" LVL or LSL | | | | |
| 3. Rim Board Assembly | | Continuous gypsum wallboard | 5/8" Type X at occup. sides | | | | | |
| ·····, | Зb | Attachment to rim board | 1-1/2" Type W screws at 12" o.c. | Not Required | | | | |
| 4. Wall Assemb | ly Fir | e Rating | 1-Hour | | | | | |
| LP References IBC | | End wall only of Intertek Assembly A or Assembly B | End wall only of Intertek Assembly A Intertek Design No. 6 Intertek Desigr or Assembly B | | | | | |
| | | N/A | | | | | | |
| | | DCA 3 | N/A | | | | | |

NOTES:

1. LPI I-Joists may be oriented either parallel or perpendicular to the rim.

2. When I-Joists are oriented parallel to the rim, blocking spaced 24" o.c. max. is required in the first bay.

3. When I-Joists are perpendicular to the rim board, I-Joists spacing must not be more than 24" o.c.



| DOUBLE CENT | ΓER | WALL AND END WALL CONSTR | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------|-----------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| Assembly | | | RB120-D.1 or RB120-E.1 | | | | |
| 1. Upper Level F | ramin | g | Continuous or N | Ion-Continuous | | | |
| 2. Floor/Ceiling | Assei | nbly Fire Rating | Less than 2-Hour | 2-Hour | | | |
| | Зa | Continuous rim board | Min. 1" LP OSB or 1-1/4" LVL or LSL | | | | |
| 3. Rim Board Assembly | зь | Continuous gypsum wallboard | 2 layers 1/2" Type X at occupancy sides | 1 layer 5/8" Type X or 2 layers 1/2" Type X at occupancy sides | | | |
| | | Attachment to rim board | 2" Type W screws at 12" o.c. | 1-1/2" Type W screws at 12" o.c. | | | |
| 4. Wall Assemb | ly Fire | e Rating | 2-Hour | | | | |
| | LP | | Intertek Assembly C or Assembly D | | | | |
| References | | BC | N/A | | | | |
| | | DCA 3 | N/A | | | | |

NOTES:

1. LPI I-Joists may be oriented either parallel or perpendicular to the rim.

When I-Joists are oriented parallel to the rim, blocking spaced 24" o.c. max. is required in the first bay.
 When I-Joists are perpendicular to the rim board, I-Joists spacing must not be more than 24" o.c.

Six Reasons to Use LP[®] FlameBlock[®] Fire-Rated OSB Sheathing to Help Meet Fire Codes

Fire-resistant construction is used to preserve the structural integrity of a building in the event of a fire and help prevent the collapse of key load-bearing elements. Using LP[®] FlameBlock[®] Fire-Rated OSB Sheathing can offer a cost-effective means of meeting fire-related structural code requirements.

Structural Performance

Two-in-One

LP FlameBlock sheathing

combines fire resistance

in a single panel—a key advantage in wall and roof sheathing applications.

Easy-to-Use

LP FlameBlock sheathing

can reduce the time and cost

generally associated with installing a combination of gypsum and structural sheathing. The product's proven fastener-holding capability can also simplify the installation of exterior

facing materials, potentially providing further savings.

FIRE-RATED OSB SHEATHING

FLAMEBLOCK[®]

s a registered trademark of Barrier Te

and structural performance

LP FlameBlock panels consist of a non-combustible cementitious coating that is bonded to one or both sides of a sheet of OSB. The nonhazardous, fiberglass-reinforced coating increases the strength, bending stiffness, shear capacity, and impact resistance of each panel.



Multiple Applications

LP FlameBlock sheathing is most often utilized in Type III and V construction, particularly in roof decking adjacent to fire walls and in load-bearing walls. It can also be installed in the roof decks of Type II structures and in non-bearing applications (such as curtain walls) in Type I and I construction.

Code-Compliant

LP FlameBlock sheathing is code-compliant in a variety of wall and roof applications and is a listed component of various 1-hour and 2-hour rated wall assemblies.*



Weather-Resistant

Unlike many other fire-rated materials, LP FlameBlock sheathing carries an Exposure-1 classification, meaning that it is designed to withstand exposure to moisture during normal construction delays.

LP® FlameBlock® Fire-Rated OSB Sheathing is created by applying a proprietary non-combustible, fiberglass-reinforced Pyrotite® treatment to LP® OSB panels. *A full list of applications is covered in Section 4.2 of the code report, ESR-1365. Listed wall assemblies may be accessed at LPCap.com/FlameBlock.

LPCorp.com/FlameBlock



For more information on the full line of LP® SolidStart® Engineered Wood Products or the nearest distributor, visit our web site at LPCorp.com

orn III is a registered t

Phone: 1-888-820-0325 E-mail: customer.support@LPCorp.com.

LP SolidStart Engineered Wood Products are manufactured at different locations in the United States and Canada. Please verify availability with the LP SolidStart Engineered Wood Products distributor in your area before specifying these products.





vww.sfiprogram.org 810000 R\/_SEICOC-LISO900026

Cal. Prop 65 Warning:

WARNING: Drilling, sawing, sanding or machining wood products can expose you to wood dust, a substance known to the State of California to cause cancer. Avoid aling wood dust or use a dust mask or other safeguards for personal protection. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.wood.

© 2018 Louisiana-Pacific Corporation. All rights reserved. APA and APA Rated are registered trademarks of APA – The Engineered Wood Association. SFI and the associated logo are trademarks of Sustainable Forestry Initiative, Inc. PEFC and the associated logo are trademarks of Programme for the Endorsement of Forest Certification. LP and SolidStart are registered trademarks of Louisiana-Pacific Corporation. Printed in USA. Specifications (details) subject to change without notice.